The Bombay Gazette.

No. 9,722—New Series. BOMBAY :—SATURDAY, JANUARY 17, 1880.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

The Rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* are as follow :—

To Subscribers in Bombay—*Delivered free.*

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 48	Per Annum	Rs. 60
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Ten Lines and under—

First insertion	Rs. 5 0
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A line, but no Advertisement counted as less than eight lines.
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First insertion .....8 As. per Line.
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In the Native Language, double the above.
For Advertisements which are to be inserted for a considerable time special contracts may be made.

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Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matter as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations, Wanted or Servant equired, Houses or Lodgings to Let, Change of Residence, Articles Lost or Found. The scale for Advertisements belonging to any of these classes as follows :—

Not exceeding three lines.....Re. 1-0
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Advertisements exceeding five lines will be charged for at our present ordinary rates.
No Advertisement will be inserted for less than *One Rupee* and payment must in all cases be made in *Cash*.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES: EACH—TWO RUPEES.

"BOMBAY GAZETTE" OVERLAND SUMMARY.

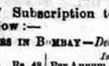
Subscription for one Year, *Post Free in India*, Rs. 12. Postage to England, Rs. 6-8.
Price per Copy .....As. 4.

All Cheques, Money Orders, and other Remittances should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATIONS COMPANY (LIMITED)

WILL DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS :—



FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. ETHIOPIA, 2,032 Tons, on SATURDAY, 17th January, 1880, at 2 P. M., calling at Rutnagherry, Vingorla, Goa, Carwar, Coompta, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Beypore, Calicut, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Galle, Negapatam, Pondicherry, Madras, Coconada, Visagapatam, Bimlipatam, Gopalpore, False Point, Ports are called at in the foregoing or any order.

Conveyance to the Nilgherry Hills.—The steamers are timed to reach Beypore at daybreak, and arrangements have been made for a train to leave Beypore specially in connection with the steamers' arrival to convey passengers right through to Mettapolium, where they will arrive at 7-45 p. m., and after staying for the night can proceed up the Ghat early the following morning.

FOR CUTCH MANDAVIE AND KURRACHEE.

S. S. PACHUMBA, 867 Tons, on MONDAY, 19th Jan., 1880, at 10 a.m.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. INDIA, 1,059 Tons, on THURSDAY, 22nd Jan., 1880, at 4 p. m., calling at KURRACHEE, GWADUR, BUNDER ABBAS, LINGA, BAHREIN, BUSHIRE, FAO, and BUSSORAH, in the foregoing or any order.

FOR LONDON, via SUEZ, ALGIERS AND LISBON.

S. S. ASSYRIA, 1,495 Tons on FRIDAY, 13th February, 1880, connecting at Aden with S. S. CANARA, 1,900 Tons.

Saloon passage .....Rs. 500
Second Class passage ..... „ 335

The Canara is due in London on 23rd March. Transfer at Aden made by Company.

FOR NATAL, MOZAMBIQUE, ZANZIBAR, ADEN, HODEIDA AND JEDDAH.

S. S. ASSYRIA, 1,495 Tons, on FRIDAY, 13th February, 1880. Cargo and Passengers for Hodeida and Jeddah can be sent by this steamer at through rates. A favourable opportunity of passage to Natal is offered, as the Indian Company's steamer is timed to leave Zanzibar for Natal within 24 hours of Assyria's arrival.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 16th January 1880. Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH ITALY, VIA SUEZ CANAL.

ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. R. RUBATTINO & Co., GENOA.
THE REGULAR STEAMERS LEAVE
GENOA BOMBAY
on the 24th, and on the 1st
of each Month.

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY.
[Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Suez Canal.]

	1st Class.		2nd Class.		3rd Class.	
Aden	Rs. 220		Rs. 150		Rs. 40	
Suez	360		220		80	
Port Said	380		240		90	
Messina	500		340		140	
Naples	500		340		140	
Leghorn	500		340		140	
Genoa	500		340		140	
Marseilles	520		350		140	

Including Wines / Without food.

Children under 3 years, free of charge; Children not above 10 years, half fare.
Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE of CHARGE to the extent allowed in the Handbooks. All extra Luggage will be charged for at rates which can be learnt from the Agent.

NEXT STEAMERS FROM BOMBAY:—
SUMATRA, to sail on SUNDAY, 1st February, 1880.
ARABIA, to sail on MONDAY, 1st March, 1880.
ASSIRIA, to sail on THURSDAY, 25th March, 1880.
SINGAPORE, to sail on THURSDAY, 1st April 1879.

All Steamers of this Company have large First and Second class accommodation; and always carry a Doctor and a Stewardess on board.
The steamers of this Company, as a rule, start precisely at 10 a. m. Any unavoidable detention will, however, be advertised at least one day previously.
First and Second Class through Railway Tickets, from NAPLES to LONDON, are now issued here at rates which can be learnt from the undersigned.
Cargo for Barcelona and Odessa can now be booked at through rates.
For Hand-books of information, rates of freight, &c., apply to

C. GRONDONA,
Agent, Rubattino Steam Navigation Company.
No. 2, Hummum Street.
Bombay, 21st November 1879.

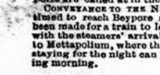
HALL LINE.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.
VIA SUEZ CANAL.

THE S. S. SPEKE HALL, 2,700 Tons, 400 H. P., Captain Beazley, will sail as above on or about the 31st January, 880.
Passage Money, Rs. 500.
For lace Saloon and Cabins, or other particulars, apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.
Bombay, 19th December 1879.
N. B.—To be followed by CITY OF BALTIMORE, Captain Veasey, about 25th February.

ASIATIC STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

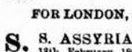
BOMBAY TO COAST AND CALCUTTA.



MAHARAJAH will sail about 30th January.
SHAH JEHAN will sail about 11th February.
For particulars of Freight and Passage apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
18th January, 1880. Agents.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL. FARE—Rs. 500.
S.S. BRANKSOME HALL, CAPT. R. COLLIN,
2,100 Tons, 300 H. P.



THIS STEAMER will be despatched on or about the 7th February.
Her Saloon and Cabins are all on Deck.
For further particulars apply to
EDWARD BATES & Co.,
Bombay, 9th January 1880. Agents.
N. B.—To be followed by the S. S. TRENTHAM HALL about the 5th March.

ESPERANCE AND COMPANY,

COPPER-PLATE ENGRAVERS AND PRINTERS.

BRASS STAMPS, OFFICIAL SEALS.
STEEL DIES, WITH CRESTS,
Armorial Bearings, Monograms, &c.,
ENGRAVED & EMBOSSED IN COLORS, NEATLY & WITH DISPATCH, IN THE BEST ENGLISH STYLE.

Established 1847.

BOMBAY :—2, DEAN LANE, FORT.

THE Undersigned have FOR SALE the following, Messrs. CURTIS & HARVEY'S GUNPOWDER :—

F	Rs. 11 per barrel	2 lbs. each.
FF	11-8 do	do.
FFF	12 do	do.
F	lb. tin 9 per dozen	lbs.
F	do 9	do.
FFF	do 10	do.
	do 10	do.
F	do 10	do.
FF	do 10	do.
FF	do 11	do.

The above prices are subject to 2 per cent. discount.
No. 6, 1 lb. canister at Re. 45 per case 25 lbs. nett cash.
Blasting Powder Rs. 8-8-0 per Barrel of 25 lbs.

HEPTOOLA SHAIK ADUM & Co., Sole Agents.
May 15, 1879. No. 6, Apollo Street, Fort.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched for EUROPE :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1880
ZAMBESI	2431	370	A. Symons	17th Jany.
(c) PESHAWUR	3781	600	C. A. White	24th do.
SURAT	3141	520	W. E. Breeze	31st do.
(c) KHIVA	2809	450	G. Lee	7th Feb.
TRAVANCORE	1900	300	R. Scott	14th do.
(c) BOKHARA	2932	460	W. D. Anderson	21st Feb.
VENETIA	2726	450	J. Orman	28th do.
(c) MONGOLIA	3838	520	E. M. Edmond	6th March.
SUMATRA	2488	450	R. F. Briscoe	13th do.
(c) NEPAUL	3536	600	J. S. Murray	20th do.
ZAMBESI	2431	370	A. Symons	27th do.

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, BRINDISI, VENICE, MARSEILLES, MALTA, GIBRALTAR and SOUTHAMPTON by every Mail. The Steamers marked (c) proceed direct to Southampton. By the others Passengers change vessels at Suez, and those for Brindisi, Venice, and Marseilles are conveyed by Rail from Suez to Alexandria.
A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.
For passage, &c., apply to
F. D. PARKER,
Bombay, 2nd January 1880. Superintendent.

STEAM TO CEYLON, PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

THE following Steamers will be despatched for the above ports, carrying H. M.'s Mails, and taking also Passengers and Cargo for Madras and Calcutta :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	
THIBET	2363	400	J. H. Torbock	20th Jan., 1880
LOMBARDY	2723	450	H. Wyatt	30th do.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.
For Passage, &c., apply to
F. D. PARKER,
Bombay, 2nd January 1880. Superintendent.

STEAM TO KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, AND SYDNEY, CALLING AT GALLE.

THE following Steamers will be despatched for the above ports :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	
TANJORE	2263	400	W. W. Fentiman	31st Jan. 1880.
BANGALORE	2342	450	G. Fraser	14th Feb.
SIAM	3044	500	G. N. Hector	28th do.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, Mazagon, at 3 p. m. on the day of sailing.
For Passage, &c., apply to
F. D. PARKER,
Bombay, 2nd January 1880. Superintendent.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY, 2, MARINE STREET, BOMBAY.

AUCTION SALE OF OIL PAINTINGS.

A collection of valuable oil paintings in gilt frames and books will be sold by Public Auction by Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. at their rooms, on MONDAY, the 19th instant, at 3 P.M.
Catalogues are ready and the pictures are on view.

SALE OF OLD BUILDING MATERIALS.

On TUESDAY, the 20th instant, at 3 p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction No. 31, Marine Lines, opposite the Marine Battalion Officers' Mess, a quantity of building materials consisting of boards, planks, door and window frames, cadjans, corrugated iron, &c.

USUAL AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY next, the 19th instant, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms—
10 bales grey shirtings.
5 cases white checks.
2 „ prints.
On account of the concerned—
11 cases fancy bordered grey dhoties.
3 „ Superior T. Red Cambric.
On account and at the risk of Borah Abdoolhusan Mahomedally.
Rx. a. s. Kaisar-i-Hind.
B B—3 cases each 10 tins of 10 lbs. each, American butter.
1 case containing 30 tins of 5 lbs. each American butter.
AT 2 P.M.
1 Sewable with German shutters, by E. Kesterton, of London.

SALE OF Valuable Landed Property on the Parell Road Row.

On TUESDDAY next, the 20th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction on the premises by order of Keasow Gotajee, the heir and legal representative of the late Gotajee Narronjee, the mortgagee, and on account and at the risk of Rumabai, widow of Narayan Pomunjee Govind and Damodar Narrayan and Radhabai, the widow of Kassinath Madhowrao and Dadajee Madhowrao, the sons of the late Madhavrao Narayen, in pursuance of the power of sale given in the Indenture of Mortgage, dated the 12th day of April 1869.
All that piece of Government ground, together with the messuage or dwelling house standing thereon, situate on the north side of Parell Road Row, in the sub-district of Bhoiwar, without the fort of Bombay, formerly and now in the occupation of the said Rumabai, widow, and her tenants, registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Nos. 75, 76, and 77, and assessed under Nos. 18 and 19 Parell, containing by admeasurement 117 and five-ninths, 359 and 108 and eight-ninths square yards or thereabouts, and bounded on the east by the vacant land of Narayan Pomunjee, on the west by the house of Goolam Hoosein Boree, on the north by the sweepers passage, and on the south by the Parell Road, Row.
For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

In the property and credits of JAMSETJEE HEERJEEBHOY BHAJEEWALLA, late of Bombay Parsee inhabitant, deceased.
NOTICE is hereby given, that under instructions from L.W.G. RIVETT-CARNAC, Esq., Administrator-General of Bombay and Administrator of the property and credits of the deceased abovenamed, and with the consent of Messrs. Ardaseer Jamsetjee Bhajeewalla, and Adurjee Jamsetjee Bhajeewalla, and the Administrator of the estate of the late Dawajee Nusserwanjee Bhajeewalla, deceased, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction the hereditaments and premises hereinafter mentioned belonging to the above estate on WEDNESDAY, the 21st day of January instant, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, on the premises.—Dated this 6th January 1880.

NANU AND HORMUSJEE,
Solicitors, High Court.

All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground, with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling house and premises standing thereon, situate on the west side of second Coombarwada street, without the Fort of Bombay, in the sub-district of Fort and Colaba, registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue, under Nos. 1924, and 1926, new survey No. 4904, formerly assessed by the Collector of Assessment under No. 113 and now under No. 114, containing by admeasurement 170 and four-ninths of a square yard or thereabouts, and bounded as follows :—that is to say, on or towards the east by the said second Coombarwada street, on or towards the west by a sweepers passage, on or towards the north by the house of Gamda Manajee, and on or towards the south by the house of Ramjee Narayen.

SALE OF SUPERIOR TEAK SQUARES.

On WEDNESDAY next, the 21st instant, at 4 p. m. Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at Tank Bunder—
50 Superior 1st class Teak Squares.
100 do. 2nd do. do. do.
In small lots to suit purchasers.

SALE OF SUPERIOR TEAK SQUARES.

On SATURDAY, the 24th January, at 4 p. m. Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at Tank Bunder by order Mirzamull Shawbux, Esq., and on account and at the risk of Sulliman Luiff—
400 Superior 1st class Teak Squares in small lots to suit purchasers.

FOR SALE ON COMMISSION.

Fresh hams in canvas, just received per steamer India. Price 10 annas per lb.
CRAWFORD & Co.
Bombay, 17th January 1880.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON AND COMPANY.

NOTICE.

It is hereby notified that by order of the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co., will resell by Public Auction on account and at the risk of the first purchasers, Messrs. Dorabjee Framjee and Bhima and Co., at the "Arthur Crawford Market" on WEDNESDAY, the 21st instant at 11 a. m., the right of collecting squatters fees in the Out Market, from fresh and salt fish sellers, &c., who sit on the floor or other places not numbered, either in line or outside, under the eaves of the market for 1880 only, that is, from 1st February to 31st December 1880. For particulars and conditions of these sales respectively, apply at the Municipal Commissioner's Office, Fort, or the Office of the Superintendent of Markets, Arthur Crawford Market, or the undersigned. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the highest or any offer.
MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.
Bombay, 17th January 1880.

NOTICES.

JAMSETJEE NOWROJEE,

CABINET MAKER & GENERAL MERCHANT,
KALBADAVIE ROAD,
BOMBAY,

BEGS to invite the attention of Ladies and Gentlemen to his large stock of Carved and Plain Blackwood, Teakwood, Ebonywood, and Gold Gilt Furniture, for Drawing-room, Library, Dining-room, Bed-room, Messes, Camps, Clubs, &c., &c.

BEDSTEADS.

Iron Bedsteads, Babies' Cots, Cradles, Folding Bedsteads for Travellers, Iron Stretcher Beds of all sizes, Brass Canopies; Children's Cots and Cradles; Bath Tubs, Wooden and Zinc; Heat Bath Tubs; Portable Bath Tubs with covers, lock and key; Foot Tubs and Cans; Tin Boxes of sizes; Bird Cages of all descriptions.

PERAMBULATORS,

Of one, two, and four seats; best Pictures on canvas in elegant gilt frames; Toilet Glasses in Blackwood, Mahogany, and Ebonywood; Rocking Horses of all sizes.

LAMPS.

Carriage and Buggy Lamps; Carriages and Buggy Whips, Police Hand Lanterns; Round Hanging Globes, plain or flowered with gold gilt, &c. Argand Hanging Lamps, by Tucker, from one to twelve lights; Chandeliers of 4, 6, 8, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48, 60 and 100 lights, and Wall Lamps from 1 to 6 lights in handsomely coloured or gilded glasses.

CROCKERY.

Dinner Sets, white and gold, Breakfast Sets; Washhand Jug and Basin Sets; Wine Coolers, Cut Tumblers, wine and Beer Jugs, &c.

FURNITURE.

English Silks, Cretonnes, Chintzes, Reps, Damasks, Velvets, Glimps, Fringes, Cord, &c., of every colour and description; Carpets in Piles, Borders, and in pieces of sizes; Air Pillows and Mattresses; Feather Pillows; Mattrasses (Cotton, Coir, or Horse-hair), made to sizes, Railway Rugs; Table Covers; Portmanteaux, Overland Chairs, &c.

JAMSETJEE NOWROJEE further begs to state that he will be glad to receive orders for making Furniture of every and any description, and according to any Indian, English or foreign designs of pattern sent to him with instructions.

J. N. undertakes gilding in Oil painting on Wall of Palaces or Durbar Halls or ornamenting Gardens in any part of India in the best approved style and design. He has also a large and good assortment of different kinds of Wood in logs, such as English or Indian Teak, Blackwood, &c., for sale at his depôt.

J. N. also undertakes to repair, re-line, and polish (French or wax and oil), carefully all sorts of furniture, &c., either at the residence of customers, or in his establishment, if forwarded.

The large patronage J. N. has been favoured with throughout this Presidency, and his having supplied from his establishment Furniture and Goods of various descriptions to a great number of European Ladies and Gentlemen, as well as to H. H. the Holkar of Indore, the Maharaja of Jeypore, the Begum of Bhopal, the Maharaja of Jodhpore, the Raja of Rutlam, the Princes of Kattywar, and many other Native Chiefs, induces him to hope for a continuance of public support.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE, BOMBAY.

PROPRIETOR.....Mr. C. S. NAZIR.

UNDER THE DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE OF H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.

THIS EVENING AT 9 O'CLOCK,
THE COMEDIETTA,
"THE DAY AFTER THE WEDDING."

Colonel Freelove	Mr. C. Cartwright.
Lord Rivers	Mr. S. Slevier.
James	Mr. A. B. Tapping.
Lady Elizabeth Freelove	Miss Agnes Birchenough.
Mrs. Davies	Miss Minnie Hampden.

SCENE—Lady Elizabeth's Boudoir.

To be followed at 10 o'clock—by Mr. Andrew Halliday's Farcical Comedy in 2 Acts, entitled
"CHECKMATE."

Sir Everton Toffee	Mr. H. R. Teesdale.
Sam Winkle (his Groom)	Mr. J. S. Hewitt.
Henry (a Waiter)	Mr. A. B. Tapping.
Bottles (a Butler)	Mr. S. Slevier.
Paisley (a Gardener)	Mr. Brown.
Strap (a Stableman)	Mr. Jones.
Cheeks (a Page)	Mr. Robinson.
Miss Charlotte Rimes	Miss Edith Wilson.
Martha Bunn (her Maid)	Miss Madge Antoinette.
Mary Ann, Jane } Servants	Miss Gertrude Doré. Miss Minnie Hampden.

ACT I.
Ladies' Coffee Room in a Country Inn.
ACT II.
The Garden of the Grange.

ON TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY,
"MARRIED LIFE."

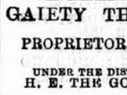
PRICES OF ADMISSION.

Stage Box to admit 8	Rs. 32
Private Box to admit 4	„ 16
Orchestra Stall	„ 4
Stall	„ 3
Pit	„ 2
Back Seat	„ 1

Soldiers, Sailors and Volunteers in Uniform Half Price to Back Seats.

Boxes and Orchestra Stalls can be reserved at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co., Rampart Row.
Doors open at 8-30; performance commences at 9.
Stage Manager..... Mr. H. R. TEESDALE.
Musical Director..... Mr. A. J. LEVEY.

ANCHOR LINE—INDIAN SERVICE.



THE following sailings have been arranged :—

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.
ITALIA .....Direct sailing on or about 21st Jan.
BRITANNIA.....Via GENOA, on or about 10th March.
BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND GENOA.
CASTALIA.....Sailing on or about 1st Feb.
AMOLIA .....Sailing on or about 18th Feb.
FARE—Bombay to Marseilles and Genoa .....Rs. 400
„ Bombay to Liverpool..... „ 600
For further particulars apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.
Bombay, 16th January 1880.

NOW READY,
BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

The *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY*, prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe, contains, in addition to all the News of the Week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.

Annual Subscription (in advance) Rs. 12
Single Copy .....Annas 4
"Bombay Gazette" Office, Meadow Street, Fort.

NOW READY.
THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT AND SUMMARY OF TRADE.

Published once a week at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, on the departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.
The Bombay Price Current contains—
A Specially-Written Market Report.
Freight Reports, &c.
Summary of Cotton Exports during the week.
Imports and Exports of Bullion.
Quotations of Imports and Exports, and Customs' Duties.
Comparative Summary of Exports from Bombay, up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878 respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports of Piece Goods and of Yarn into Bombay from time to time, and from 1st January up to date, with the total for the month and the same period as far back as 1879 and 1878 respectively.
Share List and Rates of Exchange.
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, arrivals and departures of Vessels during the week, and Vessels expected from Out and Home Ports.
Charters and Engagements.
Annual Subscription in advance....Rs. 10
Single Copy .....Annas 4
"Bombay Gazette" Office, Meadow Street, Fort.

ALEXANDRA SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, LIMITED, (IN LIQUIDATION.)

THE REGISTERED OFFICE of this Company has been REMOVED to 92, Apollo Street.

ARDESHIR B. KAPADIA.
MERWANJEE FRAMJEE.
Liquidators.

FOR SALE, a few Copies of the following :—
Tide Tables for the Port of Bombay for 1880 ..... 8 annas per copy.
Tide Tables for the Port of Kurrachee for 1880 ..... 8 annas per copy.
Tide Tables for 1880 for both Ports in one book ..... 1 Rupee per copy.
Apply to the EXECUTIVE ENGINEER, PRESIDENCY.
Bombay, Jan. 15, 1880.

NOTICE.

THE INTEREST and RESPONSIBILITY of Mr. DOSSABHOY HORMUSJEE CAMA, deceased, has CEASED in our Firm.

WE have ADMITTED Mr. HORMUSJEE DOSSABHAI CAMA as a PARTNER.
DOSSABHOY HORMUSJEE CAMA & Co.
Bombay, Jan. 15, 1880.

WE have AUTHORIZED Mr. DHUNJEEBHOY EDULJEE KHAMBATA TO SIGN for us.
DOSSABHOY HORMUSJEE CAMA & Co.
Bombay, Jan. 15, 1880.

NEVER FAILING, PULMONIC BALM.—A never failing Remedy for Cough, Cold, Bronchitis, Asthma, &c., is a mild and safe Preparation of Purely Vegetable Drugs, possessing Expectorant, Demulcent and Balsamic properties. Per Bottle As 1 and Re 1.

MADON'S COD LIVER OIL EMULSION with Lacto Phosphate of Lime, possessing the combined properties of Cod-liver Oil and Lacto Phosphate of Lime, each of which is by itself a specific for Wasting Diseases, is *palatable to taste, and perfectly free from the disagreeable smell of* the Cod-liver Oil. Delicate Patients and Children take it without the least repugnance. Per Bottle Re. 1.

PARISIAN HAIR DOUCHE,—A nourishing and refreshing preparation, is recommended when the hair is becoming weak from illness, Relaxation of the skin, and the bad effects of the climate. It imparts a cooling sensation to the head, promising a luxuriant growth of the hair. Per Bottle Re. 1-8.
B. S. MADON & Co., Fort, Bombay.

SCOTT & CO., M.R.C.V.S.,
VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10: Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5; Horses standing at livery on commission sale, Rs. 35 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold, Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness, in the yard, (single Rs. 15, double Rs. 20.) The Horse Shoeing Forge is under the management of a thoroughly practical English farrier, and every class of shoeing done.

HORSES ON COMMISSION SALE.

A chesnut S. B. Mare, 6 years, 15-1 high, a splendid mover, a good hack and carries a lady, Rs. 700.
A pair of Bay Arab Horses, 5 years, 14-1½ high, both ride and go well in single and double harness, Rs. 950.
A very powerful Bay Australian Horse, 6 years, 16 hands, broken to saddle, single and double harness, Rs. 800.
A pair of well-matched powerful dark Bay Waler Goldings, 5 and 6 years old, 15-3 high, broken to harness and step well together, Rs. 2,000.
A well-bred Bay Gelding, 6 years old, 15-2 high, broken to saddle and harness, would make a first charger, Rs. 1,000.
A pair of Bay Arab Ponies, 4 and 5 years, 13-3 high, go well together and are very pretty, both ride, Rs. 550.
A handsome and high-caste Bay Arab, 6 years, 14-3 high, a free mover with pleasant paces, has been regularly ridden by a lady, Rs. 700.
Girgaum Veterinary Stables, Bombay, 17th January 1880.

ASHANTEE HAMMOCKS,
ON SALE BY
TREACHER & COMPANY (Ld.).
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

DANISH BUTTER,
Choicest Quality.
Per 1 lb. tin, Cash Re. 1-6.
TREACHER & Co., Limited.

LAZARUS'S ESSENCE OF CHIRETTA,
THE GREAT INDIAN REMEDY FOR BILIOUS AND LIVER COMPLAINTS.

IT contains in a concentrated form the whole of the medicinal properties of the "OPHELIA CHIRATA," a gentianaceous plant growing throughout Northern India and much prized by natives of this country for its therapeutical value. While correcting obstinate costiveness arising from want of bile, it also removes diarrhœa resulting from an overflow of vitiated biliary matter, and is recommended at this season of the year for its general bracing and tone-giving properties.
Cash, Rs. 4 per Bottle.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
AGENTS FOR THE MANUFACTURER,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

OLD IRISH WHISKY,

THE immense success which has attended the introduction of their unrivalled blend of Scotch Whisky (Old Glenlivet) has induced TREACHER & Co. to apply their long and practical knowledge of this branch of the Company's business to the production of a blend of the finest IRISH WHISKY, which would meet with the approval of consumers of the article.

After lengthened experiments with the finest matured Spirits from the best known Distilleries in Ireland, the Management have succeeded in producing a blend which they confidently assert to be unequalled by any other offering in India.

It is a well known fact that a large portion of the Whisky offered as Irish is known to the trade as "silent spirit," which is commonly distilled from refuse, such as spoiled grain, rotten potatoes, and other abominations.

TREACHER & Co. guarantee that this blend is made from pure malt spirit only, distilled from the finest grain or malt, is pure, mild, and agreeable, and entirely free from essential oils and other impurities.

Sample sent free upon application.
Per 1 Dozen case, Cash, Rs. 22-8.

TREACHER & CO., LIMITED,

WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

CLEARANCE SALE OF SECOND-HAND PIANOS

RETURNED FROM HIRE.

WITH THE VIEW OF PROVIDING ROOM FOR LARGE SHIPMENTS OF
GRAND SQUARE SYMPATHETIC PIANOFORTES
MOFUSSIL SQUARE PIANOS
HARMONIUMS AND AMERICAN ORGANS ;

S. ROSE & Co. are offering FOR SALE for PROMPT CASH the following :—

Second-Hand Pianos at the Largely Reduced Rates Attached :—

No. 1	Stodart's Mahogany Square 6 Octaves	Rs. 250
„ 2	Broadwood's Mahogany Semi-Grand 6 Octaves	„ 400
„ 3	Broadwood's Mahogany Square 6½ Octaves	„ 450
„ 4	Broadwood's Mahogany Square 6½ Octaves	„ 550
„ 5	Broadwood's Mahogany Square 6½ Octaves	„ 650
„ 6	Collard and Collard's Mahogany Square 7 Octaves	„ 700
„ 7	Collard and Collard's Mahogany Semi-Grand Brass Bound 6½ Octaves.	„ 750

Each Instrument will be placed in thorough order.
The opportunity of purchasing really good Instruments at such LOW PRICES is not likely to occur again.

S. ROSE & CO., 9, RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

WARM CLOTHING.

IN this Department we have most of the articles always ready, and those requiring to be made to measure we can manufacture in a very short time after receipt of reliable measures. All these Goods we can strongly recommend as being suitable for the Cold Season in the Districts and the rough wear and tear of camping-out life.

CASH PRICES

No charge for packing, no charge for carriage on parcels' value Rs. 20 and upwards, when remittance accompanies order, and no disconnt.

	Rs.	a.		Rs.	a.
Flannel Shirts, ½ dozen	52	0	Stout Knit Ringwood Mitts	1	12
Silk and Wool do., „	52	0	Warm Marino Socks, per dozen from	21	0
Flannel Sleeping Suits, each	18	0	Very Warm Grey Lambswool	25	0
Silk and Wool do. „	18	0	Stout Merino Knicker Stockings, per pair.	5	8
Flannel Pyjamas, per pair	9	0	Heavy Ribbed do. do. „	5	8
Flannel Dressing Gowns, each	23	0	Knitted Cardigan Jackets, from	10	0
Soft "India Tweed" do. „	30	0	Woollen Mufflers, each	2	0
Stout Angola Suits, from	45	0	Warm Grey Merino Under Vests, each	6	8
Scotch Cheviot do.	45	0	Warm Grey Merino Pants, each	6	8
Heavy Chesterfield Overcoats	45	0	Stoutest Scotch Lambswool Vests, each	7	8
Heavy "Ulsters"	55	0	Stoutest Scotch Lambswool Pants, „	7	8
Flannel Cholera Belts, each	3	8	The "District Rug," long and warm	18	0
Large Pin Scarfs, from	1	4	Heavy Scotch Mauds, from	30	0
Military Doe Gloves, per pair	4	8	Best White & Scarlet Blankets, p pair from	30	0
Stout Dogskin Driving Gloves	2	0	Coloured Austrian Blankets, each	22	0
Stout Knit Ringwood do.	1	12	Extra Fine do. „	32	0

ASQUITH AND LORD,

8, RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.
CORRESPONDING HOUSE IN LONDON :
Messrs. POOLE & LORD, 145, OXFORD STREET, LONDON.

MEIFFRE NEVEU AND CO.

(AUX VILLES DE FRANCE,)

WILL REMOVE

ON THE 26TH INSTANT

TO

RAMPART ROW AND CHURCH GATE STREET,

(PREMISES JUST VACATED BY MESSRS. WATSON AND CO.)

BOMBAY, 15TH OF JANUARY, 1880.

BOMBAY MUSIC SALOONS.

SOUNDY & CO., RAMPART ROW & MEADOW STREET,
IMPORTERS & MANUFACTURERS OF
PIANOFORTES, HARMONIUMS, AMERICAN ORGANS,
IRON FRAMED PIANOS FOR INDIA,
Sole Agents and Importers of the
SMITH COMPANY'S AMERICAN ORGANS,
AND THE "HARMONICHORD" IRON FRAMED PIANOS,
Violins, Guitars, Basses, Violincellos, Banjos, Flutes, Clarionetts, Flageolets, Oboes, Saxes, Sophones, Cornets, Sax Horns, Euphoniums, Helicons, Bombardons, Drums, Tympani, Cymbals, Triangles, French Horns, Bassoons, and every kind of Musical Instrument and Appurtenance.
Illustrated Price List free on application.

SOUNDY & CO., BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED,

A COMPETENT WEAVING MASTER to erect and take charge of about 50 Cotton Looms with preparing Mach

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

FRIDAY EVENING, JAN. 16, 1880.

A CONSIDERABLE increase in activity has been apparent this week in business generally, and although transactions are not yet on the extended scale which may be looked for in the course of, say another month or six weeks, the season may now be considered as having fairly opened. Strong advices from Manchester have imparted a very firm feeling to our Piece Goods market, in which a large business is passing at steadily advancing rates, and in Exports, operations are assuming larger proportions, as produce is beginning to come forward more freely. This is more particularly the case in Cotton, of which arrivals are rapidly increasing, the quantity received during the week being 3,000 bales more than last, and 4,000 bales more than the corresponding week last year. And this increase as compared with last season will, we expect, become more marked every day, as the crop, although deficient in the Omrawuttee districts, whence supplies are at present mainly derived, is good elsewhere, both as regards quality and quantity. It will be when the New Wheat and Seed crops begin to come in, however, that the improvement will be most observable this season. Reports regarding these continue most favourable, and with the prospect now of cheap money, comparatively low exchange and moderate freights throughout the season, we may look for exports reaching very large figures.

MONEY.—The last return of the Bank of Bombay for the week ending on the 10th instant, showed a decrease in the Cash Balance of 9 lacs, due in part to withdrawals of Government and partly other deposits. The amount of itself is insignificant, but it is nevertheless to some extent important as showing that a turn has at last come, and in all probability every week will now witness an increased withdrawal of funds. With a Cash Balance of 196 lacs, however, the Bank is well in funds, and there can be little fear of any advance in rates of discount for some time to come.

EXCHANGE.—A very quiet feeling has prevailed in Sterling throughout the week, a comparatively limited business has been done, and rates, as a rule, although the fluctuations have been slight, have shown a downward tendency. Business for this mail opened on the basis of 1s. 8 3-16d. for demand Bank and 1s. 8 7-16d. for 3 months' Credit Bills, and rates remained steady at about that level until Wednesday, when a partial decline of 1-32d. was established in Bank Paper. On Thursday we received the news of Council drafts having brought an average of 1s. 8¾d. per rupee, which being about the figure anticipated would have led to no change, but it was announced at the same time that the amount advertised for next week was increased from 40 to 45 lacs, and this has imparted a weaker feeling to the market with a further decline of 1-32d. all round, making closing quotations :—Bank Bills on demand 1s. 8¾d. ; 3 months' 1s. 8¾d. ; Credits 3 months' 1s. 8 13-32d ; Documents, 3 months' 1s. 8 7-16d. per rupee. Previously the Banks have shown little disposition to buy for future delivery, but since the increase in the Council drawings became known they have evinced more willingness to operate, and they will now buy up to the end of April at an advance of ¼d. to 5-32d. on to-day's ready quotations. This change of front exemplifies the alteration in the general opinion regarding the future of the Market. A slight improvement is still anticipated when export business increases in volume, but there are now few, if any, believers in an important rise, and 1s. 8¾d. to 1s. 9d. for demand Bank Bills is considered as high a level to anticipate as 1s. 9¼d. to 1s. 10d. was a few weeks ago.

On Calcutta rates have remained unchanged at 1-16 per cent. premium for demand and ½ per cent. discount for 60 days' sight.

On China the quotation is quite nominal. From Hongkong the latest rate quoted by wire for 4 months' sight Bank Bills on London is 3s. 10⅛d. per dollar, and from Shanghai 5s. 2⅜d. per tael.

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—Influenced by the downward movement in exchange, buyers of Paper have shown little disposition to operate this week, and rates have steadily receded until at the close we quote a decline of about ¼ per cent. Fours are Rs. 92¼ to ⅜ ; Fours-and-a-half, Rs. 101⅜. In Calcutta to-day's quotations come by telegraph Rs. 92⅜ and Rs. 101½ respectively.

SHARES.—The Market has been dull with nothing of a speculative character apparent, and transactions have not been numerous. In *Bank* shares the movements of the week show a decline of ½ per cent. in Bank of Bombay, which closes at Rs. 695. The report of the working of the Bank for the six months ending 31st December last has been published, showing a net profit of Rs. 3,52,872-2-8, from which the directors propose distributing an interim dividend at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, absorbing Rs. 2,50,000, leaving a balance of Rs. 1,02,872-2-8 to be carried forward. National Bank shares have advanced from Rs. 103 to Rs. 105. Agras are unchanged at Rs. 124. In *Land* Companies, Colabas have declined Rs. 15 and Port Cannings Rs. 2½. *Press* Companies are firm in anticipation of an active Cotton season. There is a decline of Rs. 5 in Borsi, but on the other hand we note an advance of Rs. 2 in Broach Cotton Co., Rs. 10 in East India Press, Rs. 15 in Albert Co., of Kurrachee, and Rs. 20 in Indian Press. *Spinning and Weaving* Mill shares are somewhat irregular, We notice a decline of Rs. 75 in Alliance, Rs. 40 in Central India, Rs. 20 in Khandeish and Sholapore, Rs. 10 in Empress and Khatao Mucoonjee, and Rs. 5 in Bombay United. There has, however, been an advance during the week of Rs. 2½ in Dhurrumsey, Rs. 5 in Great Eastern, Rs. 7½ in Oriental, Rs. 10 in Madras United and Sunderdass Rs. 25 in Jewree Balloo and Rs. 70 in Sassoon. In *Miscellaneous* Companies the Bombay saw Mills have advanced Rs. 40, but we quote a decline of Rs. 25 in Bombay Fire Insurance Co., Rs. 15 in Bombay Burmah Trading Co., and Rs. 5 per share in Landing and Shipping Co., of Kurrachee.

PIECE GOODS.—The telegrams from Manchester have advised strong and advancing markets throughout the week, and prices there have advanced so rapidly that arrival business has been very much restricted, the transactions reported being comparatively insignificant. In the bazaar, however, a firm active feeling has prevailed, clearances to the extent of about 2,500 packages have been effected, besides cross transactions betwixt the dealers to a considerable extent. Prices, as a rule, may be quoted one, and in some exceptional cases two annas per piece higher on the week, but even with this we are nearly two annas per piece behind home figures. At the moment, however, there seems good reason to anticipate that this difference will be made up by a further improvement here, as not only are stocks on the spot small and to arrive moderate, but the consumption goes on at a rate which must forces dealers into further purchases at an early date.

Of *Grey Goods* the chief clearances continue to be in duty free 39 inch Shirtings. Of these supplies are moderate, and prices have advanced As. 1 to As. 2 per piece. For 45 inch the enquiry is also active at a rise of 1 anna, and the wider makes are also held for a similar improvement. Printers are in fair request, but prices are not quotably higher. In Madapollams a considerable business has been done at a partial rise of 1 anna per piece. T Cloths are very firm, and for some approved makes slightly better prices have been got. Jaconets are in moderate supply and a fair business has resulted at an advance of ½ anna per piece. Mulls and Dhoties, although not quotably higher, are very firmly held, and prices tend in sellers' favour. *Bleached* goods are in active demand, and considerable sales have been effected, although not at any alteration in prices. For *Dyed and Printed and T Red* goods the enquiry is improving somewhat and prices are firmer.

Long goods have been largely dealt in latterly, the total sales being put at about 1,800 packages, and rates in most cases are ¼ anna per lb higher.

TWIST.—A large business has been done in English yarns at a general advance of ¼ to ½ anna per lb. Supplies are comparitively light, and the tendency at the close is still very firm. For *Local* spinnings the enquiry continues very active, and the offtake latterly has fully equal to the production. Prices are ¼ to 1 anna per lb. higher.

METALS.—*Copper* :—With small stocks here, higher prices from England by wire and declining exchange, a strong speculative demand has again set in, and prices have advanced Rs. 1-8 to Rs. 2-8 per cwt. *Yellow Metal* is also in good request and an advance of As. 8 per cwt. ; stocks light. *Iron* continues to meet a large enquiry, and our quotation show an advance of Rs. 2 to Rs 3 per candy in Bars and Nail Rods and As. 4 per cwt. in Sheets and Hoops. Stocks are being rapidly reduced, and the market is decidedly strong.

COALS.—Sellers to arrive have practically withdrawn from the market of late, and prices are partially As. 4 per ton higher in consequence. Some small transactions are reported in ready Coal at Rs. 19½ alongside for Davison's and Rs. 19 for Laird's, and part cargoes of Cardiff and Davison's to arrive by steamer have been sold at Rs. 18 per ton alongside.

COTTON.—With quiet advices from home our market remained dull, with a decline of about Rs. 2 per candy, until Tuesday evening when an active enquiry set in, and on Wednesday quite an excitement was created by the strong telegrams received from Liverpool, and a rise of Rs. 3 to Rs. 5 per candy took place. On Thursday sellers endeavoured to obtain a further advance of Rs. 3 to Rs. 4 per candy, but buyers declining to go on to this level, the market has settled down again to about Wednesday's figures, at which we close with a decidedly quiet appearance.

The demand has run mainly on Broach and Omrawuttee. The former was sold early in the week at Rs. 245, but has since been done at Rs. 253, and closes at Rs. 250 to Rs. 251. Samples are now coming in, and the quality promises to be excellent, in fact fully as good as last year, which was about the finest crop as regards quality we have ever had. In Omras the enquiry has been most active for immediate delivery, and as high as Rs. 247 has been paid for Good ready, which is still very scarce. In Dholleras there has so far been comparatively little done, as sellers decline to contract for earlier than March and April delivery, while buyers mostly seem to want not later than February shipment.

The Receipts from up-country to date show the following comparisons with the two previous seasons :—

	1880.	1879.	1878.
For the Week	15,982	11,286	24,154
Since 1st Sept.	145,364	95,997	145,553
Since 1st Jan.	27,370	23,476	47,116

The *Clearances for Sea* since the departure of the mail have been 9,949 bales, making a total of 15,319 since 1st January, against 6,319 bales for bales time last year, the same

As regards the probable exports during the coming six months the general opinion seems to have settled down to about 700,000 bales, The Omrawuttee is certainly the first picking of cations, both in the matter ing out below expectbut the *Larry* or later quality and quantity, Broach the reports of picking promises better. Of We shall have arrivals worth speaking of in January, but during February supplies should begin to come in very freely. Dhollera will also begin to like Broach quantity before the end of February, and large which will not only be a fine crop in quality, but also in quantity. Dharwar does not promise well, it will probably be inferior in every respect, but to our thinking the Broach and Dholera out-turn will compensate for any deficiencies in other kinds.

The following are to-day's quotations for Fair-pressed Cotton, with the equivalents in Sterling, Cost, and Freight to Liverpool, via Canal, without Commission :—

	Per Candy.	Per lb. C. & F.
Good Oomras, January delivery	Rs. 249 =	6 33d.
F.G.F. do. do.	238 =	6 3/16d.
G.F. do. do.	233 =	6 1/16d.
Good do. February	240 =	6 7/32d.
F.G.F. do. do.	236 =	6d.
G.F. do. do.	233 =	6 1/32d.
Good do. March	235 =	6d.
F.G.F. do. do.	231 =	6 1/32d.
G.F. do. do.	228 =	5 31/32d.
Good Hingunghaut, Ready	256 =	6 11/16d.
,, Broach, March delivery	251 =	6d.
,, Dhollera, April ,,	231 =	6 1/16d.
F.G.F. do. do. ,,	226 =	5 15/16d.

SEEDS :—*Linseed*.—Owing to a rapid fall in prices at home, exporters have quite withdrawn from the market for the time being, and although supplies are not heavy, the quotation for ready has receded to Rs. 6-12 to Rs. 6-13, and for New Crop for May delivery to Rs. 6-10 per cwt. In *Rapeseed* there is nothing doing, and prices are nominal at Rs. 6 to Rs. 6-4 for Cawnpore, and Rs. 6-6 for Gujrat. In New Crop no business has yet been done. For *Gingelly* the enquiry is rather quietor, and we now quote Mixed Rs. 40 to Rs. 41, White Rs. 41 to Rs. 43, Red Rs. 40 per candy.

WHEAT.—Stocks are insignificant, and there is nothing whatever doing for export. Quotations are :—Best White Rs. 40, No. 2, Rs. 37-8 per candy.

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

Sovereigns, each	Rs. 11-13-0
Carolus	,, 294
Mexican Dollars	,, 222
Five-Franc Pieces	,, 240
Bar Silver, 17 to 17¼ betterness	,, 106-9-0
Gold Leaf	,, 19-1-0
Bar Gold, 10 oz. English, 100 touch	,, 19-2-0
Australian Gold, 100 touch	,, 19-2-0
Bombay Bar Gold 100 touch	,, 19-0-0
Pekin Gold Bars	,, 18-12-0

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE BRIG KERBATA ROODRIN, 154 tons, Nacoda, will sail to-day for Cochin, in ballast.

THE SHIP LOCKFIELD, 996 tons, Captain J. Jones, will sail to-day for Elephant Point, in ballast.

THE SHIP LADY CAIRNS, 1,264 tons, Captain A. Carnell, will sail to-day for Sandheads, in ballast.

THE BARQUE BARBARA, 1,081 tons, Captain R. Pritchard, will sail to-day for Amhurst, in ballast.

THE BARQUE COUNTESS OF KINTORE, 737 tons, Captain S. Edwards, will sail to-day for Rangoon, in ballast.

THE s.s. TEVIOT, 1,265 tons, Captain W. C. Nesbit, sailed yesterday for Liverpool, via Aden, with a general cargo, and 25 deck passengers for Aden.

THE s. s. HUDSON, 1,105 tons, Captain Lisbet, arrived in harbour yesterday from Middleburo, with a cargo of railway meterials. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. Killick, Nixon and Co.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s. s. s. JAVA, 943 tons, Captain K Macaulay, sailed yesterday for Zanzibar via Aden, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—For London—Mr. B. Puseby, Mr. and Mrs. Culhan, and Mr. W. Hely. For Jeddah.—Hajee and Mrs. Moosa Alarukhia and boy. For different ports, fifty-five deck.

ARRIVAL.

Jan.	Vessels.	Commanders.	From.
16	Hudson (s)	Nisbett	Middleboro, Dec 11.

DEPARTURES.

Jan.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
16	Arrow (s)	Baker	Coast and Cutch.
	Arenconnel	Jane	Cochin.
	Java (s)	Macaulay	Zanzibar.
	Teviot (s)	Nesbit	Liverpool.

The following vessels obtained their port clearance yesterday :—
Ship Lady Cairns, Carnell, to Sandheads.
Ship Lakefield, Jones, to Elephant Point.
Barque Barbara, Pritchard, to Amhurst.
Barque Countess of Kintore, Edwards, to Rangoon.
Brig Kerrata Rood in, Nacoda, to Cochin.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

Jan.
12 Chinsura (s) ..... Godin ..... Bombay, Dec 21.
Shahzada(s) ..... Burlugh ..... Moulmein, Jan 5.
Baron Colonsay ..... Cochran ..... London, Oct 4.
Parsons ..... Pickard ..... Bombay, Dec 15.
Wakefield ..... Nichols ..... Boston, Sept 27.

DEPARTURES.

Jan. 12.—Steamers Pemba, Commilla, Queen Margaret, Euphrates and Meinam. Ship Cairnsmore.

PASSENGERS,

Per Chinsura—Mr J R Stoco, Mr Saton, Mr Salmon and 5 deck.
Per Shahzada—Rev Mr and Mrs Moore and female servant, and 45 deck.
Per Wakefield—Mrs and Miss Nichols.

MADRAS.

ARRIVAL.

Jan.
13 Big Bonanza .... New York.

DEPARTURES.

Jan.
13 Shah Jehan(s) .... Calcutta.
Poona (s) .... Calcutta.
Kingdom of Sweden ..... Balsore.

DAILY IMPORTS.—JANUARY 16.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Italia s—150 boxes bar soap, Essoofally Sumsoodin ; 400 cases copper sheets, Killick, Nixon and Co.
Cicero s—50 hogsheads ale, Killick, Nixon and Co ; 50 cases slates, Jivraj ee Shapoorjee ; 80 cases brandy, Cutler, Palmer and Co ; 10 bags bottle corks, Shapoorjee Rustomjee ; 7 crates earthenware, Soomar Veers.

FROM GLASGOW.

Italia s—30 cases sulphuric acid, Framjee, Sands and Co ; 8 packages earthenware, Nanjee Canjee.
Ardenconel s—25 packages whitting, D D Shah.

FROM LONDON.

Teviot s—5 boxes candles, Suriffally Hiptoola ; 35 casks Bass' beer, Eduljee Bezonjee ; 102 pigs lead, Mahamedally Noorbhoy ; 24 packages oilmanstores, Abdool Hossein Mahamedally.
Regent Murray s—200 boxes candles, John S Elmore and Co ; 10 runlets tar and 10 runlets pitch, Goolamally Allybhoy ; 3 cases writing paper, David Sassoon and Co ; 88 cases foolscap paper and 9 bales printing paper, Bhicoo Sazba and Co ; 33 cases glassware, Jaffer Somjee ; 12 cases slate pencils and 100 cases whitting, Byramjee Shapoorjee ; 2 cases glassware, Soomar Bhima ; 125 casks Bass' beer, Eduljee Bezonjee ; 65 drums linseed oil, and 10 drums turpentine, Tyebally Moola Tez Khan ; 34 runlets tar, Goolamally Tyebjee ; 7 casks paints of sorts and 30 drums turpentine, Abdoola Sumsoodin ; 38 crates earthenware, Jaffer Rahimtoola ; 25 firkens red ochre' 9 casks paints of sorts, and 40 caseeljamp blocks, Nuzerally Surufally & Co ; 15 crates earthenware, Nanjee Canji ; 80 barrels whitting, Cassum Ameer ; 100 casks stout, Remington and Co ; 200 boxes old tom, Sorabjee Cowasjee ; 100 boxes old tom, Dajeebhoy Dadabhoy.

FROM BORDEAUX.

Persia s—2 barrels claret, C Grondona.

DAILY EXPORTS.—JANUARY 16.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

C Porter—2,010 cwts myrabolams, Halli, Brothers ; 312½ cwts myrabolams, Fraglee Heerjee ; 69 cwts buffalo horns, Esmail Gool Mahamed.
Ganges s—245 cwts coir yarn, Curumsee Khetsee ; 70 bales cotton, Lalchund Ramdayall ; 100 bales cotton, Lang, Muir and Co ; 150 bales cotton, Govindram Dwarkadas ; 100 bales hemp, 5 bales hemp rope, 35 bales rags, and 500 cwts myrabollams, Nuthoo Soonderjee ; 70 bales hemp, Nuthoo Soonderjee ; 11½ cwts dry ginger, Morarjee Nathia.
Italia s—4 bales cotton, Ritchie, Stewart and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Zambesi s—28 boxes silver coins (Rs 57,300), The C M Bank of I L and China.

FOR HAVRE.

Italia s—300 bales cotton, George Lockhart and Co.

FOR SUEZ.

Surat s—52 cwts dry ginger, 51 cwts paper, 45 cwts coffee and 25 cwts turmeric and 17¼ cwts cloves Aga Syed Mirza.

FOR CALCUTTA.

Ethiopia s—100 bales cotton, Ramgopall Foolchund ; 4 bales cotton, Wallace and Co.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Thibet s—24 cwts cloves, Hajee Abdoola Esmail and Co ; 11½ cwts cloves, Tazpall Godor ; 45 bales twist, Cowasjee Sorab jee.

FOR HONGKONG.

Thibet s—25 bales twist, Cursetjee Bomanjee and Co ; 11 bales twist, Framjee Hormusjee and Co ; 131 bales twist, E D Sassoon ; 21 chests opium, B and A Hormusjee ; 24½ cwts cloves, Cama Ramjee ; 40 cwts oopiates, Curriobhoy Ebrahim ; 24 chests opium, Heeralall Ramgopall ; 47 chests opium, S E Sassoon ; 20 bales twist, Mahomed Yoosef and Co ; 10 bales twist, Aga Syed Mirza ; 11½ cwts cloves, Sallabhoy Jafferbhoy ; 31½ cwts E teeth, Ludhabhoy Chuttoo.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Thibet s—10 chests opium, E D Sassoon ; 7 chests opium, Curse tjee Bomanjee and Co ; 251 chests opium, David Sassoon and Co.

HIGH COURT.—JANUARY 17.

[Before the Honourable the ACTING CHIEF JUSTICE and the Honourable MR. JUSTICE MELVILL.)

Appeal for hearing and final disposal.

393-79—Craigie, L and O—L A Wallace and others *vs* F G Jefferson and others—Jefferson, B and D—Part heard.

[Before the Honorable MR. JUSTICE KEMBALL.]

FOR JUDGMENT.

511-79—Lynch and T—The L B and M B ank *vs* Mooljee Ca jee and others—M M Munshi.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

LONG CAUSE.

517-79—Craigie, L and O—James Scott *vs* The Mazagon Company, Limited,—Macfarlane and G—Part heard.

[Before the Honourable MR. JUSTICE MARRIOTT.]

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

LONG CAUSES.

566-79—H W Payne—Jeejeebhoy Merwanjee *vs* Dadabhoy Hormusjee—Macfarlane and G—Part heard.
481-79—Muljee and B—Shreeram Soorutram *vs* Wellbhai.
176-79—Shamroo P—Framjee Dadabhoy Appoo *vs* Dadabhoy Rustomjee Ardeshir Goot and other—Pestonjee K.
186-79—A F Turner—Cursetjee Ruvappa *vs* Ballappa Anduppa Hunderagi—Sunderao M.
2-76—Jefferson and P—Kevulbhoy Jeychund *vs* Muggonbhoy Ruthee ing—Shamrao P.
250-79—Khan erao M—Guneshdass Jairamdass and others *vs* Fer jee Ludha and others—Chalk and W.
636-77—A F Turner—Rajoo Baloo *vs* Vishnu Ramchunder Monday—Muljee and B.
405-78—M H Khan—Gungaram Peerajee *vs* Bhicajee.
626-79—J fferson and P—D M de Silva *vs* Ruttonjee Cursetjee Khokra.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—JANUARY 14.

Sandeman, Lieut, 78th Highlanders, on leave, from Poona.
Forbes, Major, 78th Highlanders, on leave, from Poona.

JANUARY 15.

Cartwright, Sub Inspector, on duty, from Poona.
Kerr, Major, 3rd Madras Cavalry, from furlough, from England.
Baldwin, Col, 3rd Bengal Cavalry, from furlough, from England.
Farrer, Major, Madras Cavalry, on leave, from Amraoti.
Bartholomew, Captain, Bengal Cavalry, from furlough from England.

JANUARY 16.

Gavin, Lieut, 18th Pusiliers, on duty, from Ferozpore.
Kearny, 1st sturg, on duty, from Neemuch.
James, Col, 10th Light Cavalry, on duty, from Neemuch.
Humfrey, Captain, 10th Light Cavalry, on duty, from Neemuch.
Chapman, Lieut, 10th Light Cavalry, on duty, from Neemuch.
Widdicombe, Lieut, 10th Light Cavalry, on duty, from Neemuch.
Salwan, Lieut, 10th Light Cavalry, on duty, from Neemuch.
Fitzgerald, Local Major, 1-6th Regt, from leave, from Matheran.
Schneider, Col., Staff Corps, on leave, from Baroda.
Legrice, Lieut Col, R A, on leave, from Secundrabad.
Malline, Surg, on furlough, from Peshawar.
Fogo, Surg Genl, on duty, from Poona.

NOTICES.

ALLAN'S ANTI-FAT.

(repeated 30 times)

CALENDAR FOR JANUARY 1880.

PHASE OF THE MOON.

First Quarter ..... 10th, 11h. 39·3m., A M.

Date.	Remarks.	Sun rises. A.M.	Sun sets. P.M.	High Water.	Low Water.
		H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
Jan. Sat. 17	.....	6 38	5 42	{ 9 45 m 10 20 a	{ 0 0 m 5 50 a
Sun. 18	2nd Sunday after Epiphany.	6 38	5 43	{ 3 20 m 4 11 a	{ 9 55 m 0 42 a
Mon. 19	.....	6 38	5 43	{ 3 57 m 5 10 a	{ 10 43 m 10 34 a
Tues. 20	.....	6 38	5 44	{ 4 34 m 6 20 a	{ 11 30 m .....
Wed. 21	.....	6 38	5 45	{ 5 51 m 8 6 a	{ 0 7 m 0 39 a
Th. 22	.....	6 37	5 45	{ 6 22 m 9 14 a	{ 1 45 m 1 38 a
Fri. 23	.....	6 37	5 46	{ 7 37 m 9 54 a	{ 2 58 m 2 27 a

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

(Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.)

Price—As. 4 per Copy.

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MESSRS. C. MARCKS & CO., OF HUMMUM STREET, BOMBAY, AND EAST STREET, POONA,

HAVE the pleasure of announcing that MR. A. MENIST, Oculist's Optician, of Amsterdam and London, has APPOINTED them AGENTS for the SALE of his CELEBRATED PEBBLE SPECTACLES, &c., &c.

The reason they have for accepting the Agency is as follows :—

Having tried to procure, regardless of expense, in all the CHIEF TOWNS OF ENGLAND AND ALL LARGE CITIES, Pebbles and Frames equal to those produced by MR. MENIST, AND HAVE TOTALLY FAILED TO APPROACH THEM.

One of the chief essentials in good Spectacles is to place the Pebbles before the eyes in a proper position and at a proper distance according to the particular defect of sight being treated. Ill-made and loosely jointed frames, by causing a displacement of the Pebbles, entirely alter their focal power, and so injure the eyes, for this reason Mr. Menist makes his frames of Gold and Silver only, which have been found by experience the best adapted metals for the purpose, possessing the necessary temper, without being liable to oxydise in use. Steel Frames he does not make, considering that they are not calculated to do justice to his Pebbles, and his object being to secure, as nearly as possible, perfection, not cheapness, though in a climate like India, it is doubtful if there would be any economy in Steel, as it corrodes so quickly and has to be renewed so often, to say nothing of the discomfort and injury to the sight. Aluminium cannot be used, because it stains the skin by contact, leaving a black mark that will not wash out.

His Non-Pressure Eye-glasses are so well made that you may twist the Spring in any direction without breaking it, neither is there the slightest pressure when wearing, nor the least mark remaining when removed.

His 12-LENSE DUCHESSE, all in Aluminium, are as powerful as Field-Glasses and are all Achromatic.

His Field, Marine, and Opera-Glasses may be used for hours without causing the eye to ache.

Messrs. M. and Co. have made arrangements to receive their patients in a PRIVATE ROOM, it being hardly possible to test and suit the eye sight without such convenience. Mr. Menist has left them instruments, which enables them to test each eye separately, it being frequently the case that one eye requires a different accomodation to the other, as well in magnifying as diminishing powers. Messrs. M. and Co. have received valuable information from Mr. Menist, by which to suit the eyesight.

Pamphlets can be had on application.

NOTIFICATIONS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY.

CONVOCATION FOR CONFERRING DEGREES.

A CONVOCATION for CONFERRING DEGREES will be held in the Sir Cowasjee Jehanghier Hall of the University, on TUESDAY, the 20th January, 1880, at 5-15 P. M.

His Excellency the Honourable SIR RICHARD TEMPLE, Bart, G.C.S.I., C.I.E., Chancellor of the University, will preside on the occasion.

UNIVERSITY CONVOCATION.

Bombay, 20th January 1880.

1.—CANDIDATES FOR DEGREES and GRADUATES are requested to be in the University Library at 3 P. M. precisely to robe, and have their places assigned them.

The SENATE are requested to be in the University Library by 4-45 P. M.

3.—VISITORS will alight from their Carriages under the Porch of the Sir Cowasjee Jehanghier Hall of the University.

4.—PROCESSION.—At 5-15 P. M. the Procession of the Chancellor and Fellows will enter the Hall, when all present will *rise and remain standing* until the Chancellor has taken his seat.

ORDER OF THE PROCESSION.

I.—Fellows.
(In Pairs.)
Juniors first.

II.—Ex-Officio Fellows, Members of the Legislative Council, Judges of the High Court, Members of Council, and Bishops.
(In Pairs.)
Educational Officers ;
Members of the Legislative Council ;
Judges of the High Court ;
Members of Council ;
Bishops ;
Chief Justice ;
Commander-in-Chief.

III.—University Officers.
BOARD OF ACCOUNTS.
REGISTRAR.
SYNDICS.
(In Pairs.)
Civil Engineering, Medicine, Law, and Arts.
DEANS.
Civil Engineering, Medicine, Law, and Arts.
THE VICE-CHANCELLOR.
THE CHANCELLOR.

5.—The Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows having taken their seats, then will follow on behalf of each Candidate for a degree—

The *Supplication* by the Dean of the Faculty in which he graduates.

The passing of a *Grace* by the Senate for his admission to the Degree.

His *Presentation* by the Dean to the Chancellor ; and His *Admission* to the Degree by the Chancellor.

After which the Registrar will make *Declaration* of the *Degrees* conferred.

6.—The Registrar will read a Report by the Syndicate of the proceedings of the University during the past year.

7.—The Chancellor will deliver an Address.

8.—The Chancellor will dissolve the Convocation.

9.—RETIRING PROCESSION.—The assembly will *rise* and *remain standing* until the retiring Procession of the Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows has left the Hall.

ACADEMIC COSTUME.

1. Academic Costume will be worn at the Convocation for conferring Degrees.

2. Both of the Fellows of the University of Bombay as are Graduates of other Universities, or as are entitled to wear official costume or uniform, may appear in the Academic Dress of their own Universities, or in such costume or uniform, wearing in addition the Fellow's Scarf of the University of Bombay.

3. Other Fellows will wear the Fellow's Gown and Scarf of the University of Bombay. The Headdress of the European Fellows is a College Cap.

By order,
PETER PETERSON, M. A.,
University Registrar.

Bombay, 16th January 1880.

* * Judges, Bishops, Barristers, Military and Naval Officers, &c.

ALLAN'S ANTI-FAT (Trade Mark "Anti-Fat," registered) is the celebrated American remedy for corpulency. It is purely vegetable, being a compound concentrated fluid extract of sea lichens, and is perfectly harmless. No particular change of diet required. Will reduce a fat person from 2lb. to 5lb. a week. It acts upon the food in the stomach, preventing its conversion into fat. "Corpulency is not only a disease of itself, but the harbinger of others," wrote Hippocrates 2,000 years ago, and what was true then is not less so to-day. The consequences of obesity are often more serious than is generally supposed. The thick accumulations of fat in the tissues mechanically oppress adjacent organs, thereby producing lymphous (shortness of breath) and disturbance in the circulation, characterised by palpitation of the heart, fainting, determination of blood to the brain, derangements of the stomach, liver, kidneys, uterus, &c. In consequence of the congestion of the stomach, the patient becomes dyspeptic and is tormented with flatulency, acidity of the stomach, and eructations. The impediment to a free circulation of the blood, and the increased pressure of the masses of fat throughout the system on the blood-vessels, produce a determination of blood to the brain, whence arise cerebral torpor of the mental and physical functions, and not infrequently apoplexy. Obesity is undoubtedly a not infrequent cause of fatty degeneration of the heart and liver. Speaking of the heart, a late author says :—"Some of the instances of sudden death of fat people may reasonably ascribed to a rupture of the organ in this weakened state."

ALLAN'S ANTI-FAT is absolutely harmless. Ed. We are daily consulted by letter and otherwise by those who desire to know if the ANTI-FAT is truly a harmless medicine, to which inquiries we can, from our large observation, most strongly and positively answer in the affirmative, but various other questions are propounded by those who, from having regarded their obesity an indication of health, are fearful of injuriously reducing it by a remedy known to reduce corpulency. One wants to know "If the fat is removed, will the skin not be wrinkled or furrowed ? A knowledge of the anatomy of the human skin, and of its wonderful contractile nature, is only necessary to convince any person who might have similar apprehensions that the skin readily adapts itself to a changed habit of body. Not only is the skin not furrowed by a reduction of corpulency, but from the alterative or blood-purifying effects of this medicine the skin when blotched or rough is made more mooth, clear, and beautiful.

ALLAN'S ANTI-FAT requires no particular change of diet while using it. Since writing our first little circular treatise upon the subject of Corpulence many hundreds of cases have come under our personal observation, and in all good results have followed the use of the Anti-Fat. In no case has any unpleasant or injurious effect been produced. Instead of regarding obesity as a normal condition, many people have erroneously considered it as an evidence of health, and any agent that reduces fat is therefore at once suspected of being injurious. Starting to reason from the false position that fat is an evidence of health, it is not surprising that they should, very naturally, fall into the error of supposing that any agent possessing properties capable of reducing corpulency would prove injurious to the health. Reasoning, however, from the rational basis that an undue deposition of fat, constituting obesity, is not a healthy but a morbid condition, it is quite as natural for us to arrive at the opposite conclusion, which is sustained by experience and observation, i. e., that the reduction of fat in cases of corpulency is invariably followed by an improvement of strength, spirits, and physical comforts.

ALLAN'S ANTI-FAT must be used perseveringly. A very extensive observation has convinced us that in the majority of cases the ANTI-FAT must be taken from two to three and, in rare cases, even four weeks before the patient will begin to notice much reduction of flesh. After which the loss proceeds more rapidly—about a pound per week. To the over-sanguine we desire to say that ALLAN'S ANTI-FAT does not possess miraculous power. Its workings are in harmony with Nature's laws. It is one of Nature's remedies. It overcomes the morbid condition of obesity by removing the exciting cause, acting upon the food in the stomach, and preventing the conversion of starch and sugar into fat. As systems vary in their susceptibility to medicines, so some, because the experience of a neighbour, on using one bottle of ANTI-FAT, has not fully realised, refuse a trial. Is it reasonable to suppose that a condition that has existed for years can be thus easily overcome ? Take a case of dyspepsia, for example where the functions of the stomach have become deranged, would any one expect an immediate cure, even though the most effective medicine be employed ? Precisely similarly must be the cure of this abnormal condition—obesity—be effected, The functions of the stomach are in an abnormal condition, and must be corrected by a gradual process.

ALLAN'S ANTI-FAT is endorsed by those eminent in the medical profession.

THOMAS FAIRBANK, M.D., of Windsor, Surgeon to Her Majesty, the Queen, referring to ANTI-FAT in the "British Medical Journal" of June 7, 1879, says :—"I gave some of this extract (Fucus Vesiculosus) to a very corpulent lady, who in three months lost three stones by weight without any change of diet. Since then I have frequently given it for reducing weight, depending on the accumulation of adipose tissue, and have never found it fail. I may state that a patient who has been lately taking it as an anti-fat, and who has always suffered very much from rheumatic pains about the body, has been entirely free from such trouble while she has been taking the extract, a fact which she quite independently noted."

ALLAN'S ANTI-FAT Reduces a Lady Four Pounds per Week.

"Manchester-square, London, Sept. 30, 1879.

"The Botanic Medicine Co., Great Russell-street-buildings

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT).

MORE SKIRMISHING.

A FORCED LOAN IN KABUL.

ALLAHABAD, KUTTRA, JAN 16.

Jallalabad, Jan. 13.—Owing to information received that armed men were once more crossing the river, fifty men of the 1-12th Foot were again sent to strengthen the post at Ali Boghan. Yesterday evening a party of three hundred men, under Mogul Khan, crossed the river in rafts at Sungisarai to the village of Girdikas and attacked the Ali Boghan post at midnight. After an hour's fighting they were driven off. One man of ours was wounded. A force consisting of 200 men each of the 1-12th Foot and 28th Punjab Infantry, 25 men of the 45th Sikhs, and a squadron of the 3rd Bengal Cavalry, under the command of Colonel Walker, of the 1-12th Foot, started to-day to intercept Mogul Khan's party. News has just been received that the enemy recrossed the river and fired a few shots at Colonel Walker's force as they rounded the hill near Girdikas.

General Doran reports that two thousand five hundred Mohmunds crossed the river, and as there were only four hundred and fifty men and two guns available to be sent against them from Lundi Kotal, he applied to Peshawar for reinforcements to enable him to make up a strength of one thousand, when he will attack.

Colonel Macgregor and Colonel Lowe, of the 13th Bengal Lancers, who have been appointed directors of transport 1st Division, started for Kabul this morning.

A new post is about to be established between Jallalabad and Gandamak, doing away with the Rosabad fort, Major Battye dividing the journey into two marches instead of three.

Certain influential merchants of Kabul are said to have been called upon to produce six lakhs of rupees as a loan to the British Government. Syudjan Dadashere is named among those who declined the proffered investment of 3 per cent., whereupon a hint of coercive measures was conveyed to them. Whether the money was then forthcoming has not transpired.

The son of Shere Ali Khan, chief of the Hasaras, tendered his submission to the British authorities at Kabul.

Captain Aloes and Lieutenants Grant and Lim, of the Royal Engineers, proceeded to join the force at Kabul to replace the gallant officers who were lost.

(FROM THE PRESS COMMISSIONER.)

LATEST FROM KABUL.

AYUB KHAN'S POSITION AT HERAT.

CALCUTTA, JAN. 16.

The first passenger train of five is reported to have reached Sibi on the night of the 14th inst.

Genera Roberts has issued a proclamation announcing the abolition of the Military Governorship and the appointment of Wali Mahomed to administer the Kabul district, including city, on our behalf.

The Military Commission has ceased to sit.

Further reports have been received of the alleged collection of Kohistanis at Charikar, and that disbanded sepoys are being drawn to Ghazni by promise of pay and food.

Hostile Mohmunds who had crossed the Kabul river near Dakka to the number of nearly five thousand were attacked, defeated and driven across the river by troops under Colonel Boisragon from Dakka. Our loss was one Jemadar N. I. killed and seven sepoys wounded. The Lundi Kotal column arrived too late to cut off, retreat but were able to shell and fire on the retreating enemy.

A telegram from Kandahar, dated January 15, states that everything is quiet in Kandahrs, Khelat-i-Ghilzai and the neighbourhood.

Previous reports have been confirmed of Ayub Khan's position at Herat, and of bitter animosity between the Kabuli and the Herati troops and the people.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

(*By Red Sea Cable.*)

THE NAWAB NAZIM OF BENGAL.

LONDON, JAN. 15.

Government has offered the Nawab Nazim of Bengal a lakh of rupees and to provide for his family in satisfaction of all claims.

NEW LINE OF STEAMERS FOR BOMBAY.

LONDON, JAN. 15.

The Cunard Line is organizing a service of steamers to run between Liverpool and Bombay. The first steamer will start for Bombay on the 14th February.

SPEECH BY MR. W. H. SMITH, M.P.

LONDON, JAN. 16.

In a speech made by Mr. W. H. Smith (First Lord of the Admiralty) at Sutton, yesterday, he said that the policy of the British Government in Afghanistan was embodied in the Treaty of Gandamak. He disavowed that Government had any intention of annexing Afghanistan, but recognised the necessity of our holding certain positions. The people of the country, he said, would be governed by their own Sirdars.

SIR LOUIS CAVAGNARI.

LONDON, JAN. 16.

A memorial to the late Sir Louis Cavagnari is to be erected in Christ's Hospital.

Obituary.—Major General Sundamore.

AFFRAY BETWEEN GERMAN AND RUSSIAN OFFICERS.

BERLIN, JAN. 15.

An affray has taken place at Kalisch (? Kalisz on the Polish frontier) between a party of German and Russian officers owing to a political wrangle after dinner.

GERMANY AND FRANCE.

BERLIN, JAN. 16.

The *North German Gazette* publishes a semi-official statement that Germany respects French independence, avoids interference in the internal affairs of France, and is desirous for general peace.

DISTURBANCES AT PESTH.

VIENNA, JAN. 16.

A nobleman has nearly killed an editor of a journal in a duel at Pesth, where riots are taking place nightly against the Club nobility, and in which several have been killed and wounded.

THE EGYPTIAN BUDGET.

CAIRO, JAN. 16.

The Egyptian Budget has been published and shows that the Revenue amounts to £8,500,000, of which £4,500,000 are available towards the payment of the Egyptian debt. The report of the Controller General of the Public Debt fixes the rate of interest at four per cent., rising to five per cent. The Moukabala Tax is abolished, and all debts prior to the year 1880 are to be settled by liquidation which will be subject to the sanction of the European Powers. The tribute to the Porte is the first charge on the Revenue.

LONDON, JAN. 15.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed steady. Sarats steady.

The London Cotton market has been quiet.

Fair Dhollera	5 13-16
4½ do. do.	7¼
4¼ do. do.	8¼
3 per cent Consols for account	97⅛
5 per cent. French Rentes, 1872	116¼
Bar Silver	52 5-16

The Bank of England returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results :—

Reserve of Notes	£14,100,000 ..... Inc. £400,000
Bills Discounted	£19,000,000 ..... Dec. £1,300,000
Bullion	£27,700,000 ..... Inc. £100,000

The proportion of the Reserve to the Liabilities is 42 per cent.

Departure—Ocean King.

At an adjourned quarterly meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation held yesterday, the rest of the rules for the conduct of business at meetings of the Corporation, namely, from 11 to 22, were adopted. The first ten rules had been adopted at a previous meeting. Taken as a whole, the rules are calculated to facilitate the transaction of Municipal business in the future; and the thanks of the Corporation are due to the committee which prepared them.

The Secretary to the Chamber of Commerce favours us with the following telegram, reporting on the state of the cotton crop in the Berars, from the Commissioner H. A. D., dated Amraoti, 16th inst. :—"Cotton picking nearly completed. Outturn still below average."

We hear that the members of the Byculla Club intend to entertain Mr. J. M. Maclean at a public dinner on his departure for England. H. E. the Governor has, we understand, kindly expressed a wish to be present. The dinner is fixed for Monday, the 26th January.

H. M.'s 10th N. I. Regiment arrived in Bombay yesterday morning by rail from Neemuch, and are encamped on the Esplanade near the School of Arts.

Service in India does not seem to be popular with our short service soldiers, for it seems that, when orders were received not long ago to re-engage three thousand time-expired men, only 125 volunteered.

The casualties of the fighting at Kabul on the 23rd, including followers, are thirty-two in number. General Hugh Gough was knocked over by a Snider bullet, which must have been nearly spent. It cut through his pouch-belt in the right breast, but was caught in the folds of a woollen vest, and fell at his feet as he shook himself together again. The returns are as follows :—

Regiments.	British. Officers. K.	W.	Men. K.	W.	Native. K.	W.	Total.
Royal Engineers	..	1	..	1	..	..	2
F.-A., R. H. A.	..	..	..	1	..	..	1
G.-3rd A.	..	..	..	..	..	1	1
No. 1 Mountain Battery	..	..	..	..	..	1	1
No. 2 "	..	..	..	1	..	..	1
9th Lancers	..	1	..	..	..	..	1
5th P. I.	..	..	..	1	..	7	8
67th Foot	..	..	1	..	..	..	1
72nd Highlanders	..	1	1	..	..	..	2
23rd Pioneers	..	..	..	1	..	..	1
Guide Infantry	..	..	..	..	..	3	3
Sappers and Miners	1	..	..	..	..	..	1
3rd Sikhs	..	..	..	..	..	2	2
5th P. I.	..	..	..	..	..	3	3
28th P. I.	..	..	..	..	..	1	1
Total	2	2	1	9	2	16	32

Of our followers 1 was killed and 6 wounded.

The new arrangements for control of our communications and transport are as follows :—Brigadier-General Hugh Gough has charge of the entire line from Kabul to Jumrood. Colonel Low, 13th Bengal Cavalry, is director of transport with the force at and about Kabul. Colonel Heathcote is director of transport with General Bright's division, in relief of Colonel Lockhart, now Assistant Quarter-Master-General with General Roberts.

Major Abadie, 9th Lancers, and Lieutenant Eustace, R.H.A., have passed through Lahore each on his way to join his regiment and battery E.-A., R.H.A., both having resigned their staff appointments with the Kandahar field force for that purpose. These gentlemen accomplished the journey from Kandahar to Lahore with horses and kit in 16 days.

A correspondent writes as follows to a Madras paper :—"Mr. Fawcett, with a small party of our troops, has succeeded in surprising a party of rebels, of whom he killed two men. The enemy endeavoured their best to outmanœuvre, but their attempts were frustrated, notwithstanding the advantage which the nature of the country afforded them. Havildar Mahomed, of the Hyderabad Contingent, captured four men who took part in looting a village. After necessary enquiries about the capture of the looters the native office will, it is said, be rewarded for his bravery. On the 27th ultimo an action took place between a small party of the 10th Regiment N.I., headed by Havildar Bahadur Sing, and a large number of rebels. Provision escort of 14 men with the Havildar Bahadur Sing, while being sent to Gartern from Kota, was attacked by a gang of rebels, far increasing in number, on the Bimaveram Ghat. The military, notwithstanding their inferiority in number, prevented the enemy from approaching them by continual firing, and reached Gartern on the 28th. At Gartern the rebels, who had kept pursuing the small party of escort all the way along, were joined by another gang, which is said to have been headed by the notorious rebel leader Chendriah. The enemy took advantage of the number of the escort by surrounding them and cutting off their water supply. Colonel Rose has despatched a party against Chendriah's gang. On the 19th the village of Laddie was threatened by a gang of rebels, and a small party has been despatched against them. Another gang of rebels near Jalldarun are also being pursued by our troops. It has been arranged to send the invalids to Coconada and Vizagapatam."

At a time when the question of a supply of transport animals in Afghanistan is being anxiously discussed, a Madras contemporary thinks it is worth while calling attention to the following extract from Captain Davison's report on the Amrut Mahal cattle attached to the Bombay column of the English army in Afghanistan forty years ago :—"No draught cattle in either army were so efficient as the 230 Mysore bullocks which accompanied the Bombay troops to Afghanistan. It was entirely from this very superior description of cattle that no part of the Bombay Park was required to be abandoned when the troops were returning to India over the almost impracticable roads through the Tobah mountains. These cattle were frequently twenty-four hours in yoke. The draught bullocks with the Bengal army were the property of Government, but were not, in my opinion, as fine animals as the Mysore bullocks."

The Aden news report for the week ending 7th inst., states that Captain Fulton and the crew of the S. S. Penguin having been obliged to abandon the vessel, came to Aden in the S.S. Hong Aun on the morning of the 5th inst.

A Simla correspondent sends our Lahore contemporary the following details regarding the disturbances at Nalagurh. Some months ago a tailor of Subathoo managed to ingratiate himself with the raja to so great an extent that he was promoted to the post of "wazir" or prime minister. In this capacity he naturally gave great offence to the other officials of the raja, and to the inhabitants of the country. It is difficult enough for the inhabitants of a native state to submit to the extortions so frequently practised by native chiefs and their officers when the latter are their own countrymen, but to be ground down, and ridden over roughshod by a strange *dhursie* was rather more than the Nulagurh people could stand. So they rebelled. Two hundred left their villages and went over in a body across the border to Puttiala territory, where, however, they were turned back. They were then met by some fifty troops of the raja, sent out to punish them; whereupon a fight ensued. It would seem, from what we have heard from other quarters, that the killed and wounded were nearly as numerous as in one of General Roberts' pitched battles. This is very serious; and if the raja persists in turning his kingdom upside down for the sake of a foreign tailor, there will be no alternative but to administer him.

The butchers' strike at Madras did not last very long, but the strikers gained their point, as the Municipal authorities reduced their taxes.

The *Indian Herald* has authentic information to the effect that two light batteries are being prepared at the Ferozepur arsenal for the impending expedition in Burmah when it comes off.

The latest district reports from the Punjab show that rain was badly wanted in no less than 24 districts for the rabi sowings; that in Hoshiarpur the sugarcane had suffered from frost; and that in Dera Ismail Khan some damage had been done to the crops by locusts. The health of the people was improving, and fever decreasing.

Major M. C. Seton, 67th Foot, officiates as Provost Marshal with the Kabul Field Force; Major A. A. Kinloch is appointed Provost Marshal to the 1st Brigade, and Lieutenant C.G.R. Thackwell, 51st Foot, Provost Marshal to the 2nd Brigade of the Khaibar Field Force.

It is stated that Sir Andrew Clarke, Public Works Minister at Calcutta, will finally leave India by the mail steamer from Bombay of the 21st of February. In the meantime Sir Andrew leaves Calcutta on the 20th instant on a visit of inspection to all the principal coast ports.

The 27th Madras Native Infantry have left Cawnpore for Morar. A couple of companies of the 35th Native Infantry have been ordered up to do necessary duty, pending the arrival of the 2nd Native Infantry, who are expected to arrive towards the end of the month.

Alexander Burnes, crossing the Oxus on his way to Bokhara, notices the peculiar kind of ferry in use. The river at Khoja Saleh is some 800 yards wide and 10 feet deep; the rate of the stream was, when Burnes crossed, about 3½ miles an hour. Each ferry-boat was towed by a couple of horses swimming straight across; the two ropes are fastened to the horses' manes, but the animals are also guided by a man on board, by long reins. Sometimes four horses are used, two pulling from the bows, two from the stern. The ferrymen use any horses that may be crossing, for with a practised driver no training is required for the horse. The boat in which Burnes went was towed by two jaded ponies, who carried their load across the river in 15 minutes. The traveller writes :—"I see nothing to prevent the general adoption of this expeditious mode of passing a river, and it would be an invaluable improvement below the ghats of India."

From the resolution of the Lieutenant Governor of the Punjab on Arboriculture in that province, we see that His Honor approves of the suggestion that native overseers should be sent to the Changa Manga plantation, to acquire a rough knowledge of practical arboriculture. By this method His Honor thinks that a number of supervisors, with a sufficient knowledge of the subject to avoid at least all unprofitable experiments, may be obtained at a very small cost. He also impresses upon the district authorities that the subject of district arboriculture is one of the greatest importance to the prosperity of the country and the convenience of the public, and if the matter is carefully managed, it will almost every where return a considerable profit on the outlay made.

The Lieutenant-Governor has sanctioned the opening of the Lahore Central Museum from 12 till 4 o'clock p. m. on Sundays, on the recommendation of Mr. Kipling, the curator. This will be a distinct boon to a large number of persons who are unable to visit the interesting collections of the museum on any other day.

The Persian correspondent of the Lahore paper, writing from Kabul on the 4th January, states that the Hindu inhabitants of the city generally have resolved to leave it, and to proceed to Jellalabad and Peshawur. They believe a great gathering of Ghazis is now taking place at Ghazni, and fear a repetition of the events of December. It is rumoured that Mahomed Jan is at the head of the national movement in Ghazni, that Lateef Khan has urgently solicited the assistance of the British, but that he has received no response. The late Amir's troops at Balkh and Herat are reported on their way to Ghazni to make common cause against the British. The youngest son of Sultan Jan and the son of Shah Doulah Khan, suspected of correspondence with the Ghazis of Ghazni, have been fined, the first Rs. 5,000, the second Rs. 3,000, by order of General Roberts. It is said also that their houses have been plundered by the Ghazis. The Bala Hissar has been occupied by the British, and should be maintained in strength to overawe the Ghazis of the city. Food prices in Kabul are extraordinarily high. Flour five seers for the rupee, rice three seers, and ghee half a seer for the rupee. The Mustaphi Habibulah Khan has been released from imprisonment, and is attached to the staff of Sirdar Wali Mahomed Khan, who is governor of Kabul under General Hilal. Native report affirms, however, that Wali Mahomed has little or no influence with the Afghan inhabitants. It is reported that Ashruf Khan, a native officer of the Guide corps, has been dismissed for duplicity.

Madras is about to raise a troop of Volunteer Cavalry.

There is no longer any doubt about the extreme shortness of the present coffee crop, though from Happotella and other Oawah districts the accounts are highly satisfactory.

The Ceylon revenue returns for the year show a sensible decrease, beyond even what was anticipated. The items on which deficiencies arise are chiefly railway receipts, Land Sales, Licences, and Customs.

English papers in China take a generally correct view of the state of the question pending between Japan and the continental Asiatic empire, on the right of control over the Loochoo Island. The *Hongkong Daily Press* propounds that "the Chinese Ministers must see, on calm consideration, that the Japanese Government cannot possibly accede to their proposals without a sacrifice of self-respect that it is impossible to conceive would be made. The Peking Government must also be well aware that it has distinctly recognised the sovereign rights of Japan over Loochoo, and that having done so, it cannot expect to receive the moral support of other powers if it provokes a struggle with Japan. China has protested against the conversion of the Loochoos into a ken, and with that action she had better rest content. It was, perhaps, not altogether beyond her functions, as an old patron of the little island kingdom, to make such protest, but to do more would clearly be exceeding her privilege. The storm that has been raised over the affair should be allowed to settle down again quietly. China and Japan ought to be natural allies." Of course they should; and, indeed, all apprehensions of a rupture are now dissipated.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Ladies' Gymkhana, Malabar Hill, Governor's Band, 5-30 p. m.

Gaiety Theatre, "Day after the Wedding," 9 p. m.; "Checkmate," 10 p. m.

Music at the Ladies' Gymkhana, Malabar Hill.—The following programme of music will be played by H. E. the Governor's Band at the Ladies' Gymkhana, Malabar Hill, this evening, commencing at 5-30 p. m. :—

Grand March	Heroique	Schubert.
Selection	Aroldo	Verdi.
Valse	Geschichten aus dem Wiener Wald	Strauss.
National Song	Empress and Queen	Levey.
Selection	La Jolie Parfumeuse	Offenbach.
Galop	Oho	Kuhner.

The Vehar Lake.—The height of water in the Vehar Lake for the week ending Saturday, 10th January, 1880, was 53 feet and 7 tenths. In the corresponding week last year it was 54 feet and 8 tenths.

Fort Police Court Poor-box.—The Chief Presidency Magistrate acknowledges, with thanks, the receipt of Rs. 8 forwarded by Mr. Hill, of the Bombay Tramway Company, for the poor-box of the Fort Police Court.

The Girgaum Police Court Poor-box.—The Presidency Magistrate at the Girgaum Police Court acknowledges, with thanks, the sums of rupees seventy-five and fifty, received from Govindjee Lalljee and Wallabhram Dhunjee respectively, for the Girgaum Police Court poor-box.

The Nursery and W. Mills.—An adjudication of the claims of creditors of the mills was fixed for yesterday; but on the application of Mr. Hormusjee, of Messrs. Ardesir and Hormusjee, solicitors to the official liquidators of the mills, Mr. Justice Bayley postponed the matter until Monday next.

Accident on Boardship.—Mahomed Appa, a day labourer, had one of his legs seriously injured on Thursday last on board the steamship Speke Hall. He was removed to the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital.

Pick-pockets About.—Mrs. Fernandes reported to the police that she had lost on Wednesday evening last, between Rungaree Mohla and the Crawford Market, from her pocket, a handkerchief in which she had tied up one Rs. 20 and two Rs. 50 currency notes.

Theft.—Shaik Ally Shaik Sulliman and two other Mahomedans were yesterday convicted by Mr. Nana Morojee of stealing a quantity of rapeseed oil valued Rs. 20, the property of Lalljee Dawjee, and were each sentenced to four months' rigorous imprisonment.

Suicide.—A Coroner's inquest was held yesterday, at Kuther Gully, on view of the body of a Hindu carpenter, named Luximon Bissjee, who had been suffering from fever for some time and committed suicide by drowning himself in the Cowasjee Patel Tank. A verdict to that effect was recorded.

Old Offenders.—Shaik Lall Shaik Dawood was yesterday convicted by Mr. W. Webb of stealing a gold bangle valued Rs. 90, the property of Atmaram Madhowrah.—Anund Luximon was also convicted by the same magistrate of criminal breach of trust in respect of gold and silver ornaments valued Rs. 165, belonging to Yessowdabai, woman. He was sentenced to twelve months' rigorous imprisonment.

Theft at the Marine Lines.—Mr. Ridduiph residing at the Marine Lines with Lieutenant Whitby, reported to the police, that while they were out on Thursday evening some person entered their bungalow and stole a silver watch from off the dressing table, and Rs. 6 in cash out of the dressing table drawer in Mr. Ridduiph's room. The thief also entered Lieutenant Whitby's room and stole a tin cash box containing five silver Afghan ornaments.

TORNA.

"Her ancient weed was russet gray,
And wrinkled was her brow."

Torna is about 37 miles from Poona. You can see it from the library door over-looking the end of Singhur to the right. You can ride and walk to *Pet*, a village at the foot of the hill, in a day, second next morning, and do Rajghur, which is three miles from it, on the same day. We did not count on the roughness of the way to it, for when we left our carriage at *Gora*, two miles from the junction of the Singhur road at Kharackwasla, we purposed doing the rest on a Deccany tattoo, to the foot of the hill. We soon, however, found out that for the greater part of the way our "shanks" was the only possible mode of locomotion. Night found us on the slopes of the Bore Ghaut, the range of wavy hills which the traveller sees from Singhur,

"Ribbed as the shifting sand you see;"

and below, the valley of Kanind, which divides us from the Torna and the Rajghur range. We had sent on our coolies a day ahead, and missed them among the hills, and had made up our mind to remain where we were until daylight. But our men were capital "night howlers," and shouted continually their long-drawn *Rama Ho Rama-a-a*, a cry so well known in the mountain regions of the Deccan that its echoes and the waving of our lights attracted the attention of some drowsy Dongars, who eventually came to our relief. Grass-torches were lighted, which were fed continuously, and blazed high a lurid light above our heads and so we were piloted from ledge to ledge, among boulders and loose stones, the dry bed of a monsoon torrent,—a four mile track, to our destination. I am sure that if Bunyan in his Pilgrim's Progress had "alighted" upon such a place, he would never have seen the New Jerusalem. Visions of General Wade, Burns's "riddlings of Creation," the Auld Wives Lift, Adam's Tomb at Tobermory, with a free coup in the Ninestane Burn came before us. The Duke of Wellington uttered three groans in this Presidency. The first was when he received quinine instead of iron, the second was when he wished to God he had never had anything to do with the Bombay Government, and the third was when he was detained six hours in the dark in this Bore Ghaut among cactus bushes, twenty miles from Poona, when he was hurrying on, in his celebrated forced march, to save that city from the fire and sword of Amrut Rao in 1803.

He says, Poona, 20th April 1803, "I made a forced march of above forty miles last night with the cavalry (1,700) and a battalion, and I was detained about six hours in the Bore Ghaut."

Snatching a few hours' repose in a temple of Ramaswmy, we were awake at 3, and soon on our road. It was a beautiful moonlight morning, and, in a four miles walk up the Kanind Valley, the only sound we heard was the cry of the owl. The droway watchers of the green crop,—human scarecrows, in their thatched habitations—could not make out our somewhat unearthly visitation.

Looking up in the wan moonlight, the bastions of Torna were frowning above our heads :—

"In lonely glens ye like to stray,
Or where auld ruined castles gray
Nod to the moon."

This was Burns's "address to the Deil," but for the moment we accept it. At *Pet* we obtained guides to go up the hill. It took three hours walking, climbing, and scrambling to attain our object. The long flight of almost perpendicular steps for about three hundred feet worn and much displaced; or holes cut in the rock, indurated by use, time, and the elements were at length surmounted, and at 7 o'clock on the morning of New Year's Day, 1880, we were battering at the gates of Torna, *first foot*, at all events, in this region.

"A Happy New Year, Torna!"

But the withered hag was as deaf as Ailsa Craig. We may add that, owing to the angle of ascent, the gateway was quite invisible to the eye until we were within a few feet of it, and that in one instance the rock jutted out sheer over our heads.

An event here transpired that we did not anticipate. The door was shut—barred—and there was no reply. We had thus time to sit down with a feeling of relief and "rest and be thankful," and leisurely survey the spot on which we were perched. The folding spiked doors were enclosed by a fine piece of arched masonry, a veritable "strength of stone," or munition of rocks.

It was a curious recess, formed by nature between two scarped rocks. At some geologic period the crest of Torna had been rent asunder, leaving this cleft, "the door of Torna," in the rock. Or had the elements of wind and water been doing their work?

"Who was it scooped these stony waves,
Or scalp'd the brow of old Coinagorm,
And dug these ever-yawning caves?
'Twas I, the spirit of the Storm."

We *did* get an entrance eventually, but by what means we are not now going to say. It was neither storm, escalade, nor capitulation. So we made our way to the second gate, which enclosed the *Balla Killa*, or upper fort, where the beleaguered could retire in case of need.

Here our shouts were heard and a fine looking youth opened the bars and let us in, and led us to a hut on the summit of the hill. His father, an old man, was at the door, evidently offering up his orisons to the *Tulsi* plant. But when he caught sight of us, he threw down his *kumla* or blanket, and staggered into his dwelling. It was Elymas the sorcerer, struck with blindness in the cartoon of Raphael. You might have led him with a straw. How two European *budmashes*—one with a fowling piece—could have reached his door, was more than he could comprehend. By our mild persuasive speech he, however, recovered himself and eventually came out with a dignified salaam; clothed, and in his right-mind. He was an old man, weather-beaten by innumerable monsoons, but as ruddy as a winter apple. He told us that His Excellency the Governor had been there, and showed us where he had sat. His Highness the Punt of Bore, in whose territories Torna is, had come to the foot of the hill, looked up, shook his head, and departed. We did not see beast or bird, tame or wild (crow or sparrow), except a diminutive cat, licking itself smaller and smaller to inevitable death when the *fauna* and *feræ* of Torna will be utterly extinct. We did not see Sivaji. He had been once here, dug up a marvellous amount of Venetian sequins, gold bars, and sycee silver, and a more unlikely place to find such things we cannot imagine. He took this place when he was a lad of 19, and it was well he did so when his bones were supple, and his climbing powers were at the best. Had he waited until his 53rd year, when he had that bad swelling in the knee-joint which ultimately carried him off at Raigur, he never would have done it. We were two centuries too late to see him, otherwise we might have interviewed him in the language of the Scotch Ballad, with the alteration of two words only—

"As I was walking all alane
Atween a castle and a wa',
O there I met a wee, wee man,
And he was the least I ever saw.
His legs were half an ellwand lang
And thick and thimber was his thile,
Atween his brows there was a span,
And atween his shoothers there was three,
He took up a muckle stane,
And flang't as far as I could see,
Though I had been a giant born
I could na lift it to my knee.
O wee, wee man, ye're wonder strong."

But leaving romance, we must pull a long face as we approach the domain of history.

Torna is a spot of surpassing interest. It was Sivaji's first conquest, the nucleus around which all the others clustered, making it virtually the cradle of that Mahratta empire which shook the throne of the Great Mogul. It has been the scene of many bloody conflicts. On one occasion it was escaladed during the night, and carried sword in hand. This was in 1701. It is specially mentioned that this fort was strengthened and repaired by Sivaji, and we have come to the conclusion that he was not a great builder. The stone and lime in many places are not well put together, which may be very easily accounted for by the troublous times in which he lived. Nehemiah's re-building the walls of Jerusalem, as described by a Scots preacher—"A whinger in the se hand and a theeking spartle in the ither"—is an exact, though coarse, picture of the situation of Sivaji. Torna, therefore, does not rival in the great works of his predecessors, for there are piles of mason work in the Deccan which equal in grandeur the hoary ruins of Tantallon or Dunottar. Hence everything is going to ruin, piles of teak heaped together, masses of stones confusedly lying about, half filled tanks, moss grown barracks make up a picture of desolation.

The *Deccan Journal*, a long spur fortified in some places, only a few feet wide, like a very long cance in appearance from the parapet, is very striking, but not the only one of its kind among the Deccan forts. The aneroid barometer shows we are 4,350 ft. above sea level. There is, therefore, a great and glorious panorama around us. Down at the *Lion's Den*, Torna is the *Eagle's Nest*. From our eyrie we may descry St. Mary's Church at Poona, the Bishop's bungalow on Mount Malcolm, and John Sand's bomb-proof *hospice* on the crest of Poorundhur, with the *kala pani* visible at sunset. To one who has never seen them, the Mahableshwur range and the enormous block of Raighur, the scene of Sivaji's coronation and death, are novel and interesting. The natives of this country are our masters in the art of climbing. We envy them their endurance, but still more their machinery of heart and lungs. They do not know what it is to be "out of breath," or "pumped out." As we came to the gate by which we entered a policeman made his appearance. *His* long pull upstairs did not seem to bother him, and he was perfectly unruffled in speech and behaviour, as he politely proffered his services to us. He left the gate ajar, and from the little platform inside where we stood we caught a peep of what was before us. The vignette was very lovely,—the ground floor of the seaside or a map of Asia Minor, but we begged him to shut out the vision for a minute as we would have enough of it.

Some one has written that "Torna is perfectly safe to those whose nerves are not affected by a precipice above and a gorge below." So with this soothing emollient we proceed. The Bedouins do not use chairs, and we have heard them say that as we are ultimately to go into the earth, we may as well sit on it occasionally—in fact make use of it, by way of accustoming ourselves to it. Our proclivities being earthwards, we therefore sit down as inert a mass of clay as we can make of ourselves in this sentient breathing universe, and paddle our own canoe down the notched rapids.* There are some very nasty bits, but, as the Governor did not complain, we are not going to do so. The risks are: stumbles, false footings, slips, stepping on loose stones or grass waving above nonentity, lurches outwards, grasping tufts or twigs that come away in the hand, and a tendency in stout parties to roll over and over, of which there could be only one termination. Then there are slopes, slides, devil's elbows, with slanting declinations downwards. All roads lead to Rome, and these are of them *plus* gravitation. So we get up and advise all those who have legs to use them in the laudable and muscular effort of keeping body and soul together, by planting their feet and hands in such places as art or instinct dictates, and so by grappling rock or bush, and always "making an effort" and avoiding whisky, they will soon find their way to a good breakfast by midday at the foot of Torna. Richard Burton, when in Bombay, suggested the formation of an Alpine Club. There is plenty of scope in the Ghauts and Deccan. We could not advise any promoters of such a scheme for information to a better man than James Burgess, chief of the Archæological Survey. He knows almost every hill for a hundred miles round. He is a better pedestrian than Captain Grose. Besides—

"He has a fouth o' auld nick nackets;
Rusty airn caps and jingling jackets
Wad haud the Lothians three in tackets
A towmont gude
And parritch pats and auld saut backets,
Before the Flood."

* See some of Whymper's admirable Alpine sketches to illustrate this.

THE BARODA FESTIVITIES.

(FROM AN OCCASIONAL CORRESPONDENT.)

BARODA, JAN. 14.

Can you possibly recall the letter I sent you yesterday? If I had thought that your own correspondent would really have objected to my sending you his notes, I should not have forwarded them. He has been telling people about that his pocket book was stolen by the reporter because he, the correspondent, had bonnetted him for coming into the Banquet Hall with his hat on and for offering to shake hands with him then and there. How could I tell? If you do publish the notes please cut out unfinished portions, or at least anything that looks as if it was private, and then square matters with him. I suppose that on the night of the dinner at the Moti Bagh I must have taken the reporter for the correspondent.

CONTINUATION OF EXTRACTS (SELECTED) FROM THE CORRESPONDENT'S NOTE BOOK, PUBLISHED BY PERMISSION.

Note.—At the conclusion of Mr. Melvill's speech Sir Richard Temple rose and shifted his place so as to be better heard. He looked tired at first, but, as his speech proceeded, he evidently warmed to his work. He again and again addressed the native gentlemen present with the greatest *empressement*, and his solicitude to fix their attention, was beyond a doubt successful. The speech was pointedly addressed to His Highness, Mr. Melvill, ladies and gentlemen, and native gentlemen present.

He began by apologising for the change of position he had made, he was not feeling very well, and as he was rather hoarse he would have to address his hearers more briefly than he had intended. He was glad that he and H. E. the Commander-in-Chief had been able to attend the festivities at Baroda that they might thank the Gaekwar's Government for the hospitality they had shown.

Turning to the matter in hand, viz :—the new palace of which the foundation stone had just been laid, he gave great praise to the architect, Major Mant. He had discovered his worth, had become acquainted with his work in Bengal, where Major Mant had served under his personal administration and government. He bade his hearers congratulate him on having brought back to Bombay the man to his native home in India, so to speak, his own Presidency where his services were due. Major Mant's fame had spread from Bengal to Baroda, from Kolhapur to Bhavnagar. (*Side Note.*—His Excellency was probably alluding in the first place to the Memorial College to Lord Mayo at Ajmere, to the Palace for the Raja of Cooch Behar now to be commenced, to the palace for the Raja of Durbungah, for which Major Mant is mainly responsible, and to the Northbrook Hall at Dacca. As for Kolhapur, there are in that town a Town Hall in a fine public garden, a Nagarkhana and stables round the old palace, a new palace and the Edward Hospital, which commemorates the visit of the Prince of Wales. At Bhavnagar there are the Alfred High School and the Court House. All these buildings, except the Kolhapur Hospital which is Romanesque, are in Oriental styles. A most notable list.)

Sir Richard Temple spoke in high praise of Sir T. Madhava Rao's address which, he said, was couched in excellent English and spoken or rather read with a perfect English pronunciation or enunciation. He wished that he himself was able to make such a speech in Persian. (*Side Note.*—I wish more people could make such a speech in any language I am acquainted with.) Sir T. Madhava Rao's administration was the admiration of the whole of Western India. In proof of this he desired to supply an omission in the Minister's speech. He had made mention of many public works then in progress within the Baroda State, but he had, he supposed through modesty, omitted to mention the best of them all—the system of narrow gauge railways. He believed that the project had originated with the predecessor of His Highness, the Maharaja Khande Rao. (*Side Note.*—I do not wish myself to deprive any native administrator of any credit. At the same time I *have* been told that Captain French, officiating Resident at Baroda, and now far more well known in connection with railways than he was, did start the idea of connecting Baroda with the Tankaria Bunder or the Dadar River in the Jambusar Taluka. Let no one see how far this idea was the parent of others.) These narrow gauge railways, said Sir Richard Temple, were cheaper than macadamised roads for which the alluvial nature of the country offered no facilities. He said that they were not only useful but were a financial success. It was a great credit to the Baroda administration that they were the originators of this scheme of narrow gauge railways, which in its way was the most important scheme now in progress in India. There had been great discussions, as his hearers were aware, about different gauges (laughter), but this was a really narrow gauge of 2 ft. 6 in. None doubted the judicial talents of the natives of this country, many doubted their administrative powers. He himself had never entertained this doubt and adduced this very system of narrow gauge railways as an example of their capacity for administration. He appealed to the whole history of India, where though race had succeeded race and dynasty dynasty, there had never been a time in which the country had been found wanting in able administrators. He appealed to his own experience and mentioned the Ministers of Cashmere, of Hydrabad, of Travancore, and last but not least, Sir T. Madhava Rao himself. Then turning to the native gentlemen present, he bade them with great earnestness to see that Sir T. Madhava Rao's example encouraged natives of India to self-reliance and self-education.

At the same time it would be affectation in him to say that the natives of this country could compare with Englishmen in their power of administration. Providence or nature had bestowed on the latter this gift in a measure granted to no nation since the decline and fall of the Roman Empire. (*Side Note.*—Here H. E. made a Latin quotation ending in *Romane memento* which bade the Roman remember that it was his part to rule nations. I was, however, so taken up with admiring the great range of knowledge, the marvellous accuracy, and the astonishing paradoxes to be discovered in Sir Richard Temple's speech, that I lost half the quotation.)

Sir R. Temple was able to corroborate all that had been said about the style of the building Major Mant had designed. It was true Indo-Saracenic, but as there were many Maratha gentlemen present he reminded them that there were also extant beautiful buildings of a Maratha style. There were such still at Nagpore, which he himself had seen, though many had unfortunately been destroyed by accident. But they lived in the traditions of the people, and he hoped that some day a gentleman would be found who, like Major Mant, would succeed in bringing to life again a fine old architecture in other palaces elsewhere. He added one wish to those so ably and eloquently expressed by Mr. Melvill, for the happiness and prosperity of the Gaekwar's house. He trusted that H. H.'s successors would live in that palace from generation to generation. He trusted, too, that H. H. would live to be remembered as one of the great Gaekwars, as one of the great Maratha princes, who, like Sivaji, Balaji, Mahdoo Rao, and Nana Fadnavis, had handed down a splendid name to posterity. (*Side Note.*—Before the assembly broke up large and handsome photographs of the proposed building were handed round to the guests and the principal native gentlemen present. Before sunset the scene had vanished; fortunately the foundation stone and the completed portion of the plinth were not so easily moveable.)

Mr. Editor, there are some pages

BANKS.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE,
PARIS.

SUBSCRIBED and PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£3,200,000
RESERVE FUND.....£80,000

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WM. A. BAKER, Manager.

Bombay, 1st December 1877.

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IT is a purely and carefully prepared VEGETABLE COMPOUND,
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A capital antidote for SCORPION STINGS and SNAKE BITES,
AS an application for BRUISES, BURNS, NEURALGIA and RHEUMATISM
Has no equal
AS A REMEDY FOR DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA.
For any sort of Bowel Complaint it stands alone for efficiency and rapidity of action.
Full Directions accompany each bottle.
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Wilkinsons' Essence or Fluid Extract of
REDJAMAICA SARSAPARILLA
IS THE ONLY PREPARATION RECOGNISED BY THE FACULTY AS A WONDERFUL PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD.
It is not too much to say that those suffering from the effects of TROPICAL CLIMATES, such as TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ATTENUATION OF BODY, ERUPTIONS, LASSITUDE, &c., will by taking this extraordinary ESSENCE OF RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA, soon find relief and ultimately a cure. It is asserted by those who take a little DAILY (in accordance with the instructions given), the system becomes less liable to attacks of illness
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CAUTION.—Many spurious, worthless, and injurious preparations are offered to the Public; see that both Bottle and Label have the Name and Address, also Trade Mark (W. in a diamond), at the bottom of the bottle.

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TRADE MARK—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORER.
For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, cannot be too highly recommended.
For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin Diseases, and Sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.
Cures Old Sores
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Clears the Blood from all impure matter
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As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietor solicits sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.
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CURE OF RHEUMATISM AND SCORBUTIC ERUPTION.

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HOGSHEADS.....Rs. 78
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IMPROVED SEIDLITZ POWDER.
FOR IMMEDIATELY PRODUCING SEIDLITZ WATER WITHOUT THE SLIGHTEST TROUBLE.
Is prepared from a correct analysis of the celebrated German Spring, the value of which for so many years has been fully recognised by the Medical Profession. From the combination of Rochelle Salts and Carbonic Acid, action upon the Digestive and Renal Organs is at once effected.

AS A SALINE APERIENT,
It is especially recommended in all cases of
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IT IS THE MOST PERFECT substitute for healthy Mother's Milk, possessing all the elements necessary for the health, growth, and vigour of the child.
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THOROUGHLY COOKED it is always ready for use, saving Mothers and Nurses much time and trouble—tins 1s., 2s., 5s. and 10s. each.
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FOR Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Wind, Spasms, Foul Breath, Nervous Depression, Irritability, Lassitude, Loss of Appetite, Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Sour Eructations, Lowness of Spirits with sensation of fullness at the pit of the Stomach, Giddiness, Dizziness of the Eyes, &c.
DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS & LIVER PILLS
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As a General Family Aperient Medicine they have no equal, being mild in their operation, and grateful to the Stomach, they give a healthy tone and vigour to the different secretions, causing the necessary organs of the Stomach and Liver to resume their activity, thus restoring the appetite, promoting digestion, and strengthening the whole system.
They can be taken at any time without restraint from business or pleasure, hence they are a most valuable domestic medicine. Heads of households should always have a box of these Pills by them, to resort to on any slight occasion of ailing on the part of those under their charge, as by paying attention to the regular action of the Stomach, Liver and Bowels, many a severe illness is avoided or mitigated. They will be found in slight cases by a single dose to restore health to the body, with a happy frame of mind.
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IMPORTANT CAUTION.—Be sure to ask for "Dr. Scott's Bilious and Liver Pills," in green bottle, wrapped in green paper, and having the name and address,
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In part protection of Indian Policies.
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1879. SPECIAL 'XMAS ANNOUNCEMENT. 1879.

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HANDSOME Gold suites of Bracelet, Brooch and Earrings, set with
Pink Coral and Pearls, Rs. 215.
Do. Pink Coral and Diamonds, Rs. 250.
Do. Pearls and Diamonds, Rs. 240.
Do. Ivy Leaf Pattern, set with Brilliants, Rs. 675 & Rs. 825.
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Half Suites set with Diamonds, Pearls, &c., from Rs. 85.
A variety of chaste patterns to select from.
Lockets set with Brilliants, the newest shapes, Rs. 140 to Rs. 850.
☞ *All the above are supplied with either Morocco or Blue Velvet Cases.*
Dress Studs, Links, &c., Plain, or set with Stones, from Rs. 10 to Rs. 350.
Handsome Gold Necklets, the latest London patterns, from Rs. 35 to Rs. 350.
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An immense stock of Ladies' Fancy Dress Rings, set with Pearls, Turquoise, Garnets, Rubies, &c., at prices varying from Rs. 20 to Rs. 150.
Travelling Clocks, best Electro-Plated Goods, Musical Boxes, Chronographs, Binoculars, Spectacles, Parisian Bronzes, &c.

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WE have lately added an important branch to our business, viz., manufacturing on our premises Gold Chains and Jewellery of pure Indian Gold, by skilled European workmen, thereby giving the fine finish of Western workmanship, better value in gold, and saving the heavy loss by exchange, duty, &c., which have to be charged on articles of this description imported from Europe. Our prices for this class of goods will be found lower than any firm in India.

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12th December, 1879.

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HEALTH, STRENGTH, AND ENERGY.

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PHOSPHODYNE.

TRADE MARK—PHOSPHODYNE.

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